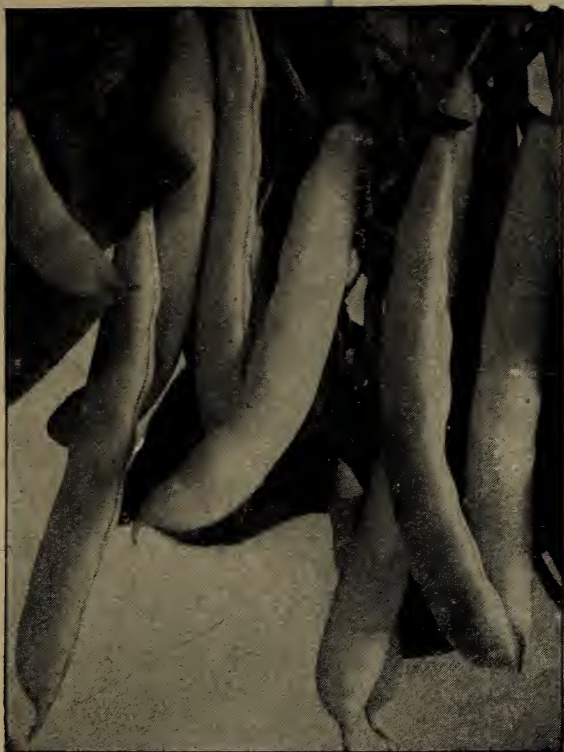


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WILSON'S BOUNTIFUL BEAN

Wilson's Garden Book

FOR 1921

(Eighth Year)

TESTED SEEDS



J. J. WILSON SEED CO.
INCORPORATED

79 Orange St. NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

Established 1913

FOR YOU TO READ

From the standpoint of expenditure, the absence of color work, and its economy of size—this catalogue has little to commend it. But as a guide to the prospective home gardener, with its many helpful suggestions and in the really good seeds it offers, it has great value. Please preserve it carefully as you will want to refer to it over and over again.

Wilson's seed catalogue has not accomplished its purpose until you have read it, selected your seeds from it, sown them, and harvested your crops. And you will surely be satisfied if you help it fulfil its mission for *Wilson's Seeds are good seeds—tested seeds—the kind that grow and produce profitable crops.*

We will gladly mail your neighbor a copy for the asking—send us his name.

J. J. WILSON SEED CO., Inc.

79 Orange Street (near Broad) NEWARK, N. J.

ORDER EARLY. Be sure to sign your name and give full address.

All prices include cost of transportation except where otherwise noted.

Wilson's "Quality" Vegetable Seeds

SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE ESPECIALLY FOR
THE HOME GARDEN

Eliminate your vegetable- and flower-garden and you have merely a house; a garden full of vegetables and flowers makes the house *a home!*

Artichokes

One ounce will sow a row 75 feet long and will produce about 400 plants

Large Green Globe. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Jerusalem Artichoke Roots. Market price.

Asparagus

One ounce will sow a row 40 feet long and will produce about 600 plants; 5 pounds to acre; 150 plants to a bed 15 x 50 feet

CULTURE.—Sow in March or April, in rows 1 foot apart, in well manured, rich sandy loam. When the plants are one or two years old, put them into permanent beds 3 to 4 feet apart, allowing from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet between the plants in the row. Cover tops firmly with 2 or 3 inches of soil. A dressing of salt at the rate of 8 ounces to the square yard is recommended every spring. On the approach of winter, cover with manure or straw.

Palmetto. Bright green; preferred by many.

Colossal. A large, quick-growing variety.

Price of either kind, pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

It will require 8,000 to plant an acre

Palmetto. Green.

Colossal. White.

Price of either kind, 2-yr.-old roots, 50 cts. for 25, 90 cts. for 50, \$1.65 per 100, \$14 per 1,000. Transportation charges not included

Brussels Sprouts

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants. Mature in about 150 days

CULTURE.—Sow seed in frames or open ground, and transplant same as cabbage. Have rows 3 feet apart and plants $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart in the rows. Cultivate like Cabbage. For late use sow seed in June.

WILSON'S CHAMPION. Very tender; prolific. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

Brussels Sprouts are much esteemed for boiling during late fall and winter months. They are quite hardy and improve with frost.

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

Wilson's Beans

We supply liberal packets of all Beans at 10 cts. each, postpaid;
 $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 20 cts., pt. 35 cts., qt. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.25, pk. \$4.25
One quart will sow a row 150 feet long; 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels to the acre

GREEN-PODDED BUSH BEANS

Mature in 40 to 50 days from germination. Average height 15 inches.
Average yield 125 to 150 bushels green pods to acre

CULTURE.—Start sowing the first week in May and for succession at intervals of two weeks until the latter part of August. Plant the Beans 2 inches deep and 2 inches apart in the row, the rows about 2 feet apart; *hoe frequently* up to the time of blossoming; *but only when the vines are perfectly dry*, always drawing the soil toward the rows. Avoid too deep cultivation, as any mutilation of the roots after plants come into bloom is likely to cause blossoms to fall, thereby reducing the crop. The plants will continue in bearing longer if the Beans are constantly gathered when fit for use.

WILSON'S BOUNTIFUL GREEN-POD. Long, fleshy, flat, broad pods, tender and brittle and absolutely stringless; very early and very productive. Recommended as being one of the best for the home garden.

I never saw such Beans as those I raised from your Bountiful this year. Can't imagine how there *can* be anything better.—
J. Surges, Newark.

FULL MEASURE. A new main-crop variety. A stringless round, green-pod Bean; wonderfully productive.

KING OF THE EARLIES. Round pods; very early and a heavy yielder. Very hardy and can be planted earlier than most other sorts. Splendid for late sowing.

STRINGLESS GREEN-POD. Long, round pods; early; stringless at all stages. A heavy yielder.

OTHER GOOD GREEN-PODDED SORTS

Valentine, Extra Early. Round pods.

Valentine, Black. Round pods. Very early.

Refugee, Extra Early. Round, light green pods.

Refugee Late, or 1,000-to-1. Round pods; for pickling.

Dwarf Horticultural. Snap or Shell Bean. Flat pods.

Longfellow. Nearly stringless; pods straight and round.

White Marrow. Grown for winter Shell Beans.

White Navy, or Boston Bean. For winter Shell Beans.

English Broad Windsor. Very hardy; height about 3 feet.

Sow as early as the ground can be worked in order to get into pod before heat sets in.

DWARF OR BUSH WAX BEANS

$\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 20 cts., pt. 35 cts., qt. 70 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.50, pk. \$4.50

WILSON'S IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. Long, flat, meaty, golden yellow pods. Early and very productive.

Black Wax, Pencil-Pod. Round, meaty, curved pods, tender and stringless. Medium early and productive.

Refugee Wax. Round, curved, nearly stringless pods of good size; early and a fine yielder.

Wardwell Kidney Wax. Long, almost straight, flat pods. Very prolific. A trifle later than Improved Golden Wax.

SURE-CROP STRINGLESS WAX. A new stringless sort; black-seeded; pods of good size, thick and flat and of excellent quality. Very early.

PLANT FOOD TABLETS. See page 20.

POLE (CLIMBING) STRING OR SHELL BEANS

$\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 20 cts., pt. 35 cts., qt. 65 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.25, pk. \$4.25
(except New Guinea Butter Bean)

After settled warm weather, set poles 4 to 8 feet long in rows 4 feet apart and extending north and south, the poles being 3 feet apart in the row. Let the poles slant slightly

Beans, sometimes referred to as "Vegetable Beefsteak," being high in protein content, are the most nutritious of all vegetables. They are muscle builders and sustain men under the strain of steady work. **PLANT PLENTY.**

POLE, STRING, OR SHELL BEANS, continued

toward the north. Around each pole plant five to eight Beans $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches deep. When well started thin to four plants.

RUNNING "NEW GUINEA BUTTER BEAN." Sow 1 inch deep, 5 feet apart. This Bean, so-called, though it is not really a Bean, grows on a vine which trails over the ground. The Beans are usually $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet long and 6 inches in diameter. The color is light green. It is delicious when cooked like Squash. Do *not* sow until soil is warm. Packets containing 20 seeds, 15 cts.

OLD HOMESTEAD, or KENTUCKY WONDER.

Round pods 7 to 9 inches long; stringless.

Lazy Wife. Broad, thick, stringless pods; Shell or String.

Scarlet Runner. Largely grown for ornamental purposes.

As usual everything O. K. Am much pleased with the interest you take in our order.—H. H. TREDWELL, East Williston, N. Y.

Last year your seeds were a great success.—MRS. LOTHAIR SMITH, Babylon, N. Y.

DWARF LIMA AND WHITE BEANS

One quart will sow a row about 100 feet long; $\frac{3}{4}$ bushel to acre. Plant seed eyes down. Mature in 60 to 80 days, two weeks earlier than Pole Limas.

CULTURE.—As soon as danger of frost is over *and the soil has become warm*, sow Beans in rich, light loam in rows 2 feet apart, 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows, and cover them to a depth of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Hoe often. A top dressing of good fertilizer or compost will hasten maturity and increase yield.

FORDHOOK BUSH. The best Bush Lima. Immense pods; enormously productive; quality unsurpassed. Pt. 45 cts., qt. 85 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$3, pk. \$5.75.



Fordhook Lima Beans

Bush Lima, Burpee's. Good-sized pods; large thick Beans of excellent quality. Pt. 40 cts., qt. 75 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.75, pk. \$5.

Improved Bush Lima, Burpee's. Larger than the above, heavier yielder, and earlier. Pt. 45 cts., qt. 85 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$3, pk. \$5.75.

Bush Lima, Henderson's. Very productive; early. Pt. 30 cts., qt. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.25, pk. \$4.25.

POLE LIMA BEANS

$\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 20 cts., pt. 35 cts., qt. 70 cts.,
 $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.50, pk. \$4.50

One quart will plant about 150 hills.
Mature in 90 days

CULTURE.—Pole Beans, especially Limas, *are very sensitive to cold and wet, and if planted in cold or soggy soil will rot.* Set poles 4 feet apart each way, and, when danger of frost is past, and the ground has become warm, plant four or five Beans, around each pole. When the young plants come up, thin to three to the pole; hoe and cultivate freely; and where possible top dress each hill with a small quantity of manure, compost or other good fertilizer. See, also, Cultural Notes under Pole Beans on page 3.

EARLY LEVIATHAN. Earliest of all; enormous pods and Beans; great yielder.

CARPINTERIA. Early; splendid flavor; very vigorous grower and great yielder.

CHALLENGER (Potato Lima). Very productive; thick pods and Beans.

KING OF THE GARDEN. Large pods averaging 5 to 6 inches long, in great profusion; large Beans.

BEAN POLES.—Red Cedar, pointed. Will last for years. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

It does not pay to sow GOOD seed in POOR soil. Use Wilson's Complete Garden Fertilizer

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

Wilson's Garden Beets

One ounce will sow a row 50 feet long; 6 to 7 pounds to the acre
Ready for table in 40 days after sowing

CULTURE.—Sow in spring, when the apple is in bloom, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep in rows 1 foot apart. When the plants have made three or four leaves, thin out to stand 4 to 6 inches apart in the rows. Cultivate thoroughly. For succession, sow at intervals of about two weeks until August 10. Fibrous loam, well enriched and drained, will produce good Beet crops.

WILSON'S EARLY PRIZE BLOOD. The earliest and most uniform sort we have ever seen. It is almost round, deep ox-blood color, small clean tap-root and medium top. Wonderfully tender and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

WILSON'S DETROIT DARK RED. Selected Seed. Globular; deep vermilion flesh, zoned lighter; very sweet and tender. For early or late sowing; our strain is very superior. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

WILSON'S CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. Selected Seed. Deep red flesh, slightly zoned; very smooth, tender, and sweet. Very early; good shape and size. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75.

WILSON'S CRIMSON GLOBE. Selected Seed. A second-early globe-shaped Beet of medium size. The flesh is rich, blood-red, very sweet and free from stringiness. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75.

OTHER GOOD SORTS

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts., lb. \$1.50

Columbia. Main-crop sort; deep blood-red tender flesh. Fine for keeping over winter

Eclipse. Smooth-skinned, round, dark red, zoned lighter; tender and sweet; early.

Extra-Early Egyptian. Flatter than Crosby's Egyptian. Excellent quality.

Half-Long Blood. A splendid winter sort. Smooth, rich dark red flesh; sweet, tender and crisp.

MANGEL-WURZEL AND SUGAR BEET

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1

Two ounces to 100 feet of row; 6 pounds to the acre
Mature in 80 to 120 days

Sow in May or June in rows 2 feet apart, and thin to 9 inches in the row. Cultivate well.

MAMMOTH LONG RED. Very large; flesh white, tinged with rose.

Golden Tankard. Large, ovoid roots; yellow flesh, zoned white; fine.

Danish Giant Half-Sugar. Highly nutritious; big producer.

Des Barres (Sludstrup). Large reddish yellow ovoid roots. Excels in feeding value and weight of yield.

Giant Red Eckendorfer. Large cylindrical roots. Immense yield.

Klein Wanzleben Sugar Beet. Snow-white flesh; heavy yield.

SWISS CHARD

Or Cut-and-Come-Again Spinach

CULTURE.—Sow early in spring, in rows 16 inches apart, and thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows. An ounce of seed is sufficient for a medium-sized family. As it grows, thin out for use and keep clear of weeds. Good cultivation increases the tenderness of the leaves.

GREEN CURLED. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Lucullus. Larger than above; dark green crinkled leaves, heavily ribbed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

FRIED BEETS.—Cook large Beets until tender; plunge into cold water and remove skins; cut into thick slices, dip into cracker dust or flour and fry in bacon fat.

Wilson's Broccoli

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants
Matures in about 150 days

Cultivate same as cauliflower. Much like cauliflower, but coarser and hardier.

Early Large White French. Creamy white; sure header. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.

ITALIAN PURPLE SPROUTING. An early sort yielding a profusion of purple sprouts of delicate flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.



Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

apart in the row. For second-early crop sow in April and for late crop in June.

WILSON'S NEW EARLY GIANT SOLID HEAD. This variety matures between the Copenhagen Market and the Glory of Enkhuizen. It is round, larger than Copenhagen and does not crack as easily. It has done splendidly under dry weather conditions, developing perfect heads. We recommend it for both early and late. The heads are very solid and will keep well. Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts., oz. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$6.50.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. A very early, sure-heading Cabbage, largely grown by home gardeners. Forms nice, medium-sized, pointed heads, solid and of good quality. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 45 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.

PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH. Forms large, flat heads, uniform, solid and of finest quality; grown especially for winter use. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

DANISH BALLHEAD, or HOLLAND. A medium-sized, round-headed sort, of good quality. One of the best for shipping and for winter keeping. Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts., oz. 45 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.

AMERICAN DRUMHEAD SAVOY. The best of all Savoys for the home garden; grows strong and vigorous with dense, crumpled leaves and solid heads. Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

OTHER DESIRABLE SORTS

Autumn King, or World Beater. Similar to Flat Dutch with ruffled leaves. Quality and yield unsurpassed. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

Copenhagen Market. Large, round, solid heads. Exceedingly early. Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts., oz. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$6.

Succession. A splendid second-early. Flat heads; short outer leaves. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

Early Summer. A good second-early variety. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

Mammoth Red Rock. Fine for pickling. Round, solid heads; dark red. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$6.50.

Chinese (Pe-Tsai). In growth resembles Cos lettuce. Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

Home-gardeners who keep poultry should plant as much Cabbage as possible. There is no better green food for chickens during the winter months.

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

Carrot

One ounce will sow a row 75 feet long; 4 pounds to the acre
Ready for table 60 to 70 days from sowing

CULTURE.—For early crops sow in April as soon as the ground can be worked, and for general crop in May. For succession sow at intervals to July. Make rows 16 to 18 inches apart, cover seed lightly and firm well in the soil. When the plants are large enough to handle, thin out to 3 or 4 inches apart in the row. Hoe often.

WILSON'S IMPROVED RUBICON. Selected Seed. Half-long; stump-rooted; fine-grained; rich orange-red flesh; medium early; extra fine. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$1.75, 5 lbs. \$8.

FRENCH FORCING, or EARLY GOLDEN BALL. A small reddish orange, globe-shaped variety, for forcing. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$1.75.

WILSON'S DANVERS HALF-LONG. Selected Seed. Adapts itself to all classes of soil. A great producer; sweet and crisp. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

PLANT FOOD TABLETS. See page 20.

OTHER FINE SORTS

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50

Scarlet Horn, or Short Horn. Early, medium-sized, half-long sort of fine color and flavor. Very tender.

Chantenay, or Model. Half-long, stump-rooted, fine-grained, tender and sweet; medium early; productive.

Oxheart, or Guerande. A thick, short variety of excellent quality; a very rapid grower.

Improved Long Orange. Very productive and uniform in shape; fine for table or for stock.

Cauliflower

One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants
Ready for table in 90 to 120 days

CULTURE.—Sow in hotbeds early in March; when plants are sufficiently large, transplant to coldframes and gradually harden by exposure. Set out in the open ground as soon as the weather will permit, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet apart in rows. Give the young plants a good watering, when set out, with a 100 to 1 solution Nitrate of Soda, and again ten days or two weeks later. Cauliflower must be kept growing right along without check and must be watered copiously.

WILSON'S EXTRA-EARLY SNOWBALL. Very early; sure header; medium to large; snow-white; deep and solid, compact heads of finest quality. Extra. Pkt. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts., oz. \$2.50.

Extra-Early Dwarf Erfurt. Pure white, large, compact heads. Pkt. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts., oz. \$2.50.

Large Algiers. Large, fine heads; for late fall. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

Autumn Giant. Late variety forming large, white heads. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

Wilson's Celery

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants
Matures in 110 to 150 days

CULTURE.—Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in well-prepared soil. Sow seed in rows, covering about four times its size and firming it well into the soil with a board. See that the soil is kept moist till the seeds germinate. In July set the plants out in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, and 6 inches apart in the rows. Draw the earth up to them as they grow, but be careful not to allow any to get into the hearts.

WILSON'S UNEKA. Best of all. Very vigorous and hardy. Heavy, thick stalks of medium height and of a yellowish tinge; easily blanched; almost as early as Golden Self-Blanching, but superior in every way. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

No vegetables are so good as those from your own garden.

CELERY, continued

WHITE PLUME IMPROVED. Early; vigorous grower. Stalks large and uniformly white; requires only a short time to blanch. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

GIANT PASCAL. A large, green Celery, with golden yellow heart; very easily blanched. The stalks are thick, solid and crisp, and of a rich, nutty flavor. It is an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

OTHER VALUABLE KINDS

Golden Self-Blanching. Early; solid golden yellow; crisp and tender. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25, lb. \$8.

Perfection Heartwell. Long, thick stalks; crisp and delicious. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Winter Queen. Medium-dwarf, forms a good, solid heart and blanches creamy white; late keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Soup or Cutting Celery. Grown for the tops only. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Celeriac, Large Smooth Prague (Turnip-rooted or Knob Celery). Produces large, globular roots used for soups and stews. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

Your seeds were entirely satisfactory last year—never had better.—G. W. LONSDALE, Livingstone, N. J.



Wilson's Golden Evergreen Corn

Wilson's Sweet Corn

All Connecticut-Grown

We supply packets of Corn at 10 cts., postpaid
One quart will plant about 200 hills; 8 quarts to the acre
Ready for the table in 60 to 90 days

CULTURE.—As soon as the weather is settled and the soil warm, plant in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way, about six seeds to the hill. When the plants come up, thin out and allow the strongest three to remain. For succession, plant about every ten days to the end of July. Hoe often.

GOLDEN EVERGREEN, WILSON'S. The sweetest and tenderest Sweet Corn. The ears are much larger than Golden Bantam and are usually produced two to the stalk. It matures only a few days later than Golden Bantam. Pt. 35 cts., qt. 70 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.50, pk. \$4.50.

LONG ISLAND BEAUTY. Large ears, with milky white kernels; very tender. Medium early. Pt. 30 cts., qt. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.25, pk. \$4.25.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. A standard main-crop sort; very productive, tender and sweet. Best late sort. Pt. 30 cts., qt. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.25, pk. \$4.25.

OTHER GOOD CORNS

Pt. 30 cts., qt. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$2.25, pk. \$4.25

Mayflower, Wilson's Extra-Early. Very early. Large ears of finest quality. 4 feet.

Golden Bantam, Wilson's Selected. Grows 4 feet high; golden ears with deep kernels of delicious flavor. Very early.

Howling Mob. Second-early. Large ears; tender and very sweet.

Metropolitan. Large, handsome ears of fine quality; very early.

Country Gentleman. Small ears; late.

Black Mexican. Late; very sweet.

Sweet Corn is rich in starch and sugar. Plant enough to can liberally.

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

Chicory One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill

CULTURE.—Sow early in spring, in rows about 2 feet apart, in light rich soil. When the plants are large enough thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows; cultivate often.

Large-Rooted Magdeburg, or Coffee. Leaves used as a salad. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

WITLOOF, or FRENCH ENDIVE. Leaves usually eaten raw as a salad; can also be cooked like endive. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

Common, Long-Rooted. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Grow Witloof in your cellar in winter. We have roots in November.

Corn Salad (Fetticus Acre Salad)

Three ounces will sow 100 feet of drill

CULTURE.—Sow in rows 1 foot apart in early spring and in August, September and October. If sown in October the plants require slight protection.

Large-Seeded. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Cress

One ounce will sow a row about 50 feet long
Matures in 20 to 30 days

CULTURE.—Sow in spring, as soon as the ground can be worked, in shallow drills about 1 foot apart, covering the seed lightly. When the young plants are well up, thin to 4 inches apart in the row. For succession sow every 10 days.

Fine Curled, or Pepper Grass. Tender, piquant leaves. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$1.75.

Water Cress. Distinct; thrives along moist banks and in wet soils. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

PLANT FOOD TABLETS. See page 20.

Cucumbers

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 4 pounds to the acre
Matures in 50 to 80 days

CULTURE.—Sow in May in hills 4 feet apart each way, putting in eight seeds to the hill and covering about 1 inch deep. When the plants attain their fourth leaf, thin out and leave the strongest-growing four. For a succession continue planting at intervals up to July.

WILSON'S EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE. Beautiful bottle-green fruits, 8 to 9 inches long; flesh almost white, solid and luscious. Best for slicing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55 cts., lb. \$2.

WILSON'S LONG GREEN IMPROVED. Dark green fruits 12 to 14 inches long; firm, crisp and tender. Fine for pickles or for slicing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55 cts., lb. \$2.

DAVIS PERFECT. Very prolific and early. Fruits long and slim, often 12 inches in length. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55 cts., lb. \$2.

OTHER GOOD CUCUMBERS

Japan Climbing. Can be grown on trellis; for slicing or pickling. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Green Prolific Pickling (Boston Pickling). Extra early. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75.

West Indian Gherkin. Small; used for pickles. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts., lb. \$3.

Arlington White Spine. Very early; productive; crisp and sweet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75.

TELEGRAPH FRAME CUCUMBER. For forcing and for frames. Very large; extra fine. Pkt. 25 cts.

Dandelion One ounce to 100 feet of row

Common, or French. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

Plant a large onion in each Cucumber hill and you won't be troubled with insects.

Endive

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75

One ounce will sow a row about 150 feet long; 3 pounds to the acre
Ready for the table in about 60 days

CULTURE.—For early use, sow in April; for late use in June or July. Sow in drills, covering lightly. When plants are about 3 inches high thin to 1 foot apart in the rows; cultivate well, and when nearly full grown, and when plants are dry, begin to blanch by tying the leaves together.

LARGE GREEN CURLED. Hardy; deep green leaves easily blanched to rich creamy white.

White Curled. Tender and crisp, and grows to large size.

Broad-leaved Batavian (Escarolle). Broad, flat, light green leaves; very easily blanched.

French Endive (Witloof). See Chicory, page 9.

Eggplant

Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts., oz. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25, lb. \$8

One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants; 4,000 plants to the acre
Ready for the table in about 140 days

CULTURE.—Sow seeds in hotbed or greenhouse early in March. Put young plants, as soon as they are ready to handle, into 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots. In May or June take out of the pots and plant in the open ground, in good rich garden soil, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 to 3 feet apart in the row. Hoe frequently and mulch during warm weather to preserve moisture.

NEW YORK PURPLE, or SPINELESS. Early, vigorous and productive.

Black Beauty. Very early; large, purple-black fruits.

Kohlrabi

Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50

One ounce will sow a row 200 feet long. Ready in 60 days

CULTURE.—Sow early in May, and for succession up to July, in rows about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, thinning out the plants to 6 inches in the rows.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. Light green, fine-grained bulb; short leaves.

EARLY PURPLE VIENNA. Same as above, except in color.

Kale or Borecole

One ounce for about 5,000 plants; 4 pounds to acre

Ready for cutting in 50 days

CULTURE.—Sow in May or June and cultivate the same as cabbage.

DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. Large, finely curled leaves. Pkt. 5c., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.75.

Siberian. "Sprouts" or "German Greens." Leaves large, cut and frilled, with bluish tinge. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75.

Leek

Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.75

One ounce will sow a row about 100 feet long; 4 pounds to the acre
Ready for use in about 90 days from germination

CULTURE.—Sow early in April, and in midsummer, in rows 1 inch deep, 1 foot apart, and thin 4 to 6 inches in the rows; cultivate often. Draw earth up to them as they grow to insure white and tender Leeks.

American Flag. Very hardy and of good quality.

Monstrous Carentan. Large, thick stems; mild flavor.

WILSON'S PRIZE-WINNER. Large, long, thick white stems, often over 3 inches in diameter; very mild and sweet. A sure prize-winner.

Georgia Collards A Loose-leaf Cabbage

Large, tender leaves; good flavor. Should be better known. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

Every weed takes from the soil about three hundred times its weight in water during the season. Cultivation conserves moisture.

Wilson's Lettuce

All 5 cts. per pkt. except New York Cabbage and
Wilson's All-Heart

One ounce will produce about 2,500 plants; 3 pounds to the acre
40 to 60 days from seeding to maturity

CULTURE.—For early spring outdoor crop sow seed early in March, in boxes or hotbeds. Transplant into flats or coldframes to harden off. As soon as the ground can be worked, set out in rows, 1 foot apart, allowing from 8 to 12 inches between the plants. For succession sow in the open ground every two weeks, from April to August.

CABBAGE, or HEADING

WILSON'S ALL HEART. A splendid sort either for spring or summer sowing. Withstands intense heat and forms immense heads and extremely solid hearts. The color is a beautiful yellowish green, of rich buttery flavor. One of the best for the home garden. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

WILSON'S SELECTED BIG BOSTON. Large, tender heads; blanches beautifully. Fine for midsummer and fall planting and for forcing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70 cts., lb. \$2.50.

IMMENSITY. One of the largest Head Lettuces; a remarkable heat resister. Green outside leaves, solid yellow center; splendid quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

WAYAHEAD. Early; sure header. Outer leaves light green, inner ones rich yellow; tender, crisp and buttery. Splendid for coldframes or for the open ground. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

OTHER GOOD HEAD LETTUCES

Salamander Improved. Stands heat well; large and fine. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

May King. Early; will stand much cold and damp; leaves yellowish green, tinged bronze, inside of head almost golden. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

Mignonette. A very early, small, quick, sure-heading sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70 cts., lb. \$2.50.

New York, or Wonderful. Very scarce. Immense heads; very solid; heart blanches beautifully; tender and crisp; fine for summer. Pkt. 10c., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.75.

CURLED, or LOOSE-LEAVED VARIETIES

Oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2

Heat resisting. Ready before heading varieties

GRAND RAPIDS, FORCING. Large, tender; fine forcer.

EARLY CURLED SIMPSON. Large curled yellow-green leaves, crisp and tender.

Black-Seeded Simpson. A tender sort; leaves ruffled; yellowish green.

Prizehead, Early. Finely crumpled, exceptionally tender leaves, the outer ones tinged with brown; grows to a large size.

ROMAINE, or COS LETTUCE

WHITE PARIS SELF-FOLDING. Long, spoon-shaped leaves, which if tied up will blanch nearly snow-white. Crisp and tender. Oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70 cts., lb. \$2.50.

WILSON'S CHICKEN LETTUCE

Lettuce is an excellent feed for chickens. It is just the "greens" which they require to keep in the best of health. In Chicken Lettuce you will find a feed that yields more than other green feeds. It is economical to grow for when once cut it starts again and again. The yield is extremely heavy. Chicken Lettuce does not make a head but sends up a stout stalk loaded with leaves. Try some. Oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

Lettuce is one of Nature's tonics, supplying the mineral salt necessary to a well-balanced diet

Mustard

One ounce to 100 feet of row; 4 pounds to acre
Matures in about 30 days

CULTURE.—Sow in the spring, when the pear is in bloom, in rows about 1 foot apart, covering the seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep; for succession sow every two weeks until September or October.

White London. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

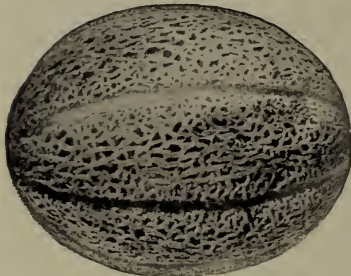
Giant Southern Curled. Esteemed in the South. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

GUI-TOI, WHITE-STEMMED. (New.) White stemmed, genuine Chinese strain; vigorous grower and splendid yielder. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Muskmelons

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 4 pounds to the acre
Ready for use in 60 to 90 days

CULTURE.—Early in May, when the ground is warm and dry, make hills 4 to 5 feet apart each way, and sow 8 to 10 seeds in a hill, covering about 1 inch. When the fourth leaf appears, thin to 3 or 4 plants to the hill. Cultivate frequently. Spray early and often with bordeaux or arsenate of lead.



Rocky Ford Muskmelon

WILSON'S EMERALD

GEM. Salmon-fleshed. Very early. Medium size; rich emerald-green skin with little netting. Luscious and spicy. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

OSAGE, or MILLER'S

CREAM. Salmon-fleshed medium large-sized, vigorous grower. Fruits highly flavored.

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

ROCKY FORD, or NETTED GEM. Green-fleshed, small, oval melon of delicious flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.

OTHER GOOD MELONS

CASABA. Green-fleshed; large size; skin yellow when ripe; flesh greenish white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

Defender, or Burrell's Gem. Salmon-fleshed; medium early. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Hackensack Extra-Early. Green-fleshed; large size; fine. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.

HONEY DEW. Light green flesh. Oval fruits of good size; splendid flavor. Ripens about mid-August. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.

Jenny Lind. Green-fleshed. Early; productive; tender and sweet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Long Island Beauty. Green-fleshed. Large, heavily netted fruits, luscious and spicy; early. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Montreal Nutmeg. Green-fleshed. Large, nearly round fruits; skin dark green; delicious flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

I had great luck with your seeds last year.—HARRY HUGHES,
New Brunswick, N. J.

Mushroom Spawn

Five pounds of Spawn (about 4 bricks) for a bed 12 feet long and 4 feet wide

American Pure-Culture. In bricks of about one pound. Brick 35 cts., 5 bricks \$1.60, 10 bricks \$2.75. Transportation charges extra.

Mustard, freshly picked, serves the same purpose as spinach and should be planted plentifully

Watermelon

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.25

One ounce will sow about 30 hills; 4 pounds to the acre

Ready for the table in 75 to 90 days

CULTURE.—Same as for muskmelons, except that the hills should be at least 8 feet apart.

Wilson's Round Light Icing. Extra early, almost round, flesh pink; sweet and tender.

Cole's Early. Red flesh; green skin; oval; medium size.

Florida Favorite. Productive; fruits long; deep red flesh.

Harris Earliest. Extra early; fine quality; red flesh.

Ice Cream, or Peerless. Round; scarlet flesh.

Monte Cristo, or Kleckley Sweets. Large; oval; flesh bright red, tender and sugary.

Tom Watson. A large, oblong melon; flesh red; delicious flavor.

Citron. Medium-sized, round; for preserves. Red seed.

PLANT FOOD TABLETS. See page 20.

Okra

Splendid for Soups and Stews

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.35

Four ounces to 100 feet of row; 20 pounds to acre

Sixty days from planting to maturity

CULTURE.—Sow seed as soon as the ground is warm, in drills 3 feet apart and 1 inch deep. When the plants come up, thin to about 1 foot apart in the drills. Requires rich soil and frequent cultivation. Pods should be used only when young and tender.

WHITE VELVET. Very productive and early.

Dwarf Green. Early; of dwarf growth; smooth pods.

Perkins' Mammoth Long-Pod. Large, slender, deep green pods.



Prizetaker and Wethersfield Onions

Wilson's Onions

One ounce will sow a row about 150 feet long; 4 to 5 lbs. to an acre

CULTURE.—Sow early in the spring, in well-prepared soil; make drills about 15 inches apart; cover seed lightly, and when young plants come up, thin to 2 inches apart in the row. Hoe and cultivate often, but avoid too deep cultivation and be careful not to draw the soil around the growing bulbs. For large Onions, sow seed in coldframes in February and transplant to open ground when large enough. For early green or bunching Onions, sow seed of Silverskin in August, and protect plants during winter.

Prizetaker. Yellowish brown skin; white flesh; large size; heavy yielder. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

AILSA CRAIG. Very large exhibition sort. Skin dark straw color; flesh pure white, mild and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$6.50.

Red Globe Southport. Fine, globe-shaped Onion; medium size; mild flavor; good keeper. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.75.

WHITE GLOBE SOUTHPORT. Clear white bulbs, perfect globe shape. Fine-grained mild flesh. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40, lb. \$5.

Yellow Globe Southport. Same as the Red Globe, except in color of outer skin. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.75.

Our Onion Seed is grown in Connecticut where the finest Onions are produced

ONIONS, continued

Silverskin, or White Portugal. Used largely when young in salads and for pickles. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. Large, flat bulbs, pinkish white inside, purplish red outside. Best for poor, dry soils. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. Main-crop; good size; keeps well. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

Yellow Flat Danvers. Yellow skin; white flesh; flat; fine keeper. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.

White Queen. Very early; small; round; for pickling. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 45 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.

ONION SETS

Prices subject to change as season advances

One quart to 75 feet of row; 10 to 15 bushels to an acre

CULTURE.—Plant in drills 12 inches apart and 4 inches apart in the row.

White. Pt. 20 cts., qt. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. \$1, pk. \$1.75.

Red and Yellow. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. 85 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Add 5 cts. per pint or 10 cts. per quart if wanted by mail

Parsnips

One ounce will sow a row about 100 feet long; 8 pounds to an acre
Matures in about 80 days

CULTURE.—Sow in the spring in good, deep soil, as soon as the ground can be worked; make rows 18 inches apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. When the plants are well up, thin out to stand about 6 inches apart in the rows. Parsnip seed usually comes up unevenly. Roll well after sowing.

WILSON'S HOLLOW CROWN. Large, heavy shouldered roots; white skin, tender, fine-grained flesh. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1, 5 lbs. \$4.50.

Potatoes (Raised Especially for Seed)

Standard Sorts at Market Prices

Parsley

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts., lb. \$1.50, except Jersey Green

One ounce will sow a row 100 feet long; 8 pounds to an acre
Ready for the table in about 70 days from time of sowing

CULTURE.—Sow early in April in rows 1 foot apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, and for a succession up to autumn. When the plants come up, thin to 4 to 6 inches apart in the row. Parsley seed is slow to germinate, and often in dry weather fails to come up; in this case water plentifully.

WILSON'S JERSEY GREEN. Handsome deep green finely curled leaves. Best of all. Oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

Champion Moss Curled. Curled, moss-like leaves.

Hamburg, or Turnip-Rooted. Much esteemed for flavoring soups, stews, etc.

Plain. Very hardy; not curled.

Parsley is indispensable in sauces, soups, stews, and for garnishing. If slightly protected it will survive our northern winters.

Pepper

Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts., oz. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2

One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants

Ready for the table in 100 to 120 days

CULTURE.—Same as Eggplant. See page 10.

CHINESE GIANT. Very large; sweet and mild.

Large Bell, or Bull Nose. Bright red; very mild.

RUBY GIANT. Large fruits. Flesh solid, sweet, and mild.
Ruby-scarlet when ripe.

Long Red Cayenne. Small and hot.

Red Chili. Very small, exceedingly hot when ripe.

Sweet Mountain. Large; regular in shape; mild flavor.

Poor seeds are cheap in the beginning, but expensive in the end.

Wilson's Peas

One quart will sow a row about 100 feet long; 1½ to 2 bushels to an acre. Ready for picking in from 42 to 70 days from germination



Gradus Peas

CULTURE.—Peas require warm, light soil, well fertilized. As soon as the ground can be worked, open rows 3 or 4 inches deep, 2 to 3 feet apart, into which drop the Peas and cover them. Cultivate same as beans. Smooth varieties are best for early planting; the wrinkled kinds are

more tender, and should be sown later.

WILSON'S PEDIGREE EXTRA EARLY. Best of all earlies. Height 2½ feet. Ripens in about 44 days. Pt. 35 cts., qt. 65 cts., ½pk. \$2.50, pk. \$4.75.

AMERICAN WONDER. Height 12 to 15 inches. Extra early; wrinkled; large pods and Peas of

excellent quality. Pt. 45 cts., qt. 80 cts., ½pk. \$3, pk. \$5.50.

Nott's Excelsior. Height 12 to 15 inches. Early; large pods; a favorite with home gardeners. Pt. 45 cts., qt. 80 cts., ½pk. \$3, pk. \$5.50.

GRADUS, or PROSPERITY. Largest, earliest, and sweetest wrinkled Pea. Pt. 45 cts., qt. 80 cts., ½pk. \$3, pk. \$5.50.

LITTLE MARVEL. Very large pods; great yielder. Only 15 inches high. Pt. 50c., qt. 90 cts., ½pk. \$3.25, pk. \$6.25.

Laxtonian (Dwarf Gradus). Immense pods and large Peas of the finest flavor. Very early. Pt. 50 cts., qt. 90 cts., ½pk. \$3.25, pk. \$6.25.

Champion of England. A well-known standard late-crop; large pods and Peas. Height 5 feet. Pt. 45 cts., qt. 80 cts., ½pk. \$3, pk. \$5.50.

Telephone. Standard late-crop sort; immense pods and Peas. Height 4 feet. Pt. 45 cts., qt. 80 cts., ½pk. \$3, pk. \$5.50.

Pumpkin

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ¼lb. 45 cts., lb. \$1.60

One ounce will plant about 30 hills
Ready for the table in 75 to 120 days

CULTURE.—Sow early in May; make hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way; four to six seeds in the hill. When plants come up thin to two or three. Pumpkin seed can be sown with corn, in about every fourth hill.

LARGE CHEESE, or PIE. Yellowish brown skin; deep yellow, fine grained flesh.

Cushaw, Striped. A fine, crookneck sort.

Connecticut Field (Big Tom). Good for pies.

Sugar, or New England Pie. Orange fruits; yellow, tender flesh. Fine for pies.

Winter Luxury. Very productive; excellent keeper; superior for pies.

MAMMOTH KING, or POTIRON. Produces immense Pumpkins, sometimes weighing 250 pounds. Deep orange skin; light yellow flesh, tender and fine.

Mammoth Tours. Very large French sort.

Rhubarb Roots

25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz. Transportation charges extra

GROW MEAT-SAVING VEGETABLES

Certain garden products such as beans and peas, rich in protein, are partial meat substitutes and supply much nourishment in small bulk. Grow this class of food liberally.

Radishes

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75

One ounce will sow a row about 50 feet long; 6 pounds to an acre
Ready in 20 to 60 days

CULTURE.—Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches deep, in rows 1 foot apart, just enough seed so they will not require thinning. For succession sow every two weeks. Sow winter varieties in July and August. Take up before freezing and store in sand in cellar or pit, and they will keep all winter.

WILSON'S 20-DAY, or SCARLET TURNIP, EARLY.

White, crisp, tender flesh; rapid grower.

Crimson Giant. Very early; large, round, tender and crisp. For forcing or for outdoors.



Scarlet Turnip,
White Tipped

SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE-TIPPED, EARLY (Sparkler). For frames or outdoors.

SCARLET GLOBE EARLY. For forcing or for outdoor planting; crisp and tender.

FRENCH BREAKFAST. Olive-shaped; scarlet; white tip; quick grower; very fine.

ICICLE. Long, white, crisp and tender. Fine forcer.

Long Scarlet Short-Top. Long, slender, scarlet roots; fine.

Scarlet China (Chinese Rose). Firm and crisp; good for winter or summer; oblong shape.

White Strasburg Summer. Very large; cylindrical shape.

Scarlet Chartier (Shepherd). Large; crimson, tipped white; fine summer variety.

Celestial, or Chinese White Winter. Round; large; matures quickly; very tender.

Winter Long Black Spanish. The favorite winter sort; crisp and pungent.

Spinach

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts. except New Zealand

One ounce will sow a row about 50 feet; 10 to 12 pounds to an acre
Ready for use in 40 to 60 days

CULTURE.—For spring and summer use, sow in April in rows 1 foot apart, and 1 inch deep, and for succession sow every two weeks up to August. For winter use, sow in September and cover with straw or other protection on the approach of cold weather.

VIROFLAY, Thick-Leaved. Very large, thick, dark leaves. Fine.

Long Season. Remains long in cutting condition, being slow to run to seed. Very dark green leaves. Second early.

Savoy-Leaved, or Bloomsdale. Quick-growing; fine for fall sowing; crumpled leaves.

Triumph, Long-Standing. Large, thick, dark green leaves.

NEW GIANT-LEAVED PRICKLY, or WINTER. A very hardy sort, producing immense thick leaves. Can be sown earlier in spring and later in fall than any other. Fine for cold, stiff soils.

New Zealand. Grows well in hot weather. Soak seed before sowing. Oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Salsify, or Vegetable Oyster

One ounce will sow a row about 50 feet long
Ready for table in 100 days after sowing

CULTURE.—Sow early in spring, in rows 15 inches apart and 1 inch deep; thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows; cultivate the same as carrots or parsnips.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. Large, white, smooth tapering roots. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

Don't throw away your Radish tops—they make delicious greens when cooked like spinach

Squashes

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75

One ounce will sow about 20 to 40 hills; 4 pounds to the acre

CULTURE.—Sow in hills, when the apple is in bloom, about 4 feet apart each way for the summer sorts and 8 to 12 feet for the winter varieties, eight to ten seeds to the hill. When the plants come up and when danger of loss by insects is past, thin to three to four plants to the hill. Winter Squashes can be grown in cornfields in the same way as pumpkins.

SUMMER VARIETIES, BUSH

Ready in 40 to 60 days

WILSON'S SUMMER CROOKNECK. Thick, yellow, dry flesh, of fine quality.

Giant Summer Crookneck. Double the size of the foregoing.

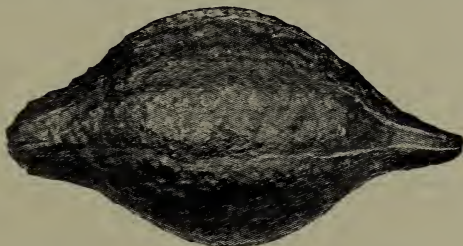
Long Island White Bush. Vigorous grower; productive.

WHITE BUSH SCALLOPED (Patty Pan). Early; cream-white fruits.

Mammoth White Bush Scalloped. Larger than above.

Mammoth Yellow Bush Scalloped. Golden yellow flesh; fine quality; very large.

Cocozelle, or Italian Vegetable Marrow. Long; green.



Hubbard Squash

WINTER VARIETIES, RUNNING

Ready in about 100 days

Boston Marrow. Popular sort; good flavor; fine keeper.

Delicata. Orange-yellow, striped green; dry flesh of fine quality. Small but very prolific.

DELICIOUS. Medium size; dark green; yellow flesh; splendid keeper.

Fordhook. Fine sort; light yellow flesh of fine quality.

HUBBARD. A reliable, old-time winter variety; large.

I raised the finest Hubbard Squash I ever saw from your seed last year.—MRS. W. E. FETTE, Intervale, N. H.

Hubbard Red, or Golden. Orange-red skin.

American Turban, or Turk's Cap. Thick, sweet, dry orange flesh; fruits shaped like a Turk's turban.

Vegetable Marrow, English, Long Cream. Very productive and deliciously flavored. Splendid for preserves.

SWISS CHARD. See under Beets, page 5.

Tomatoes

One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants

Ready for table 90 to 120 days from sowing

CULTURE.—Sow in hotbeds or under glass in March or April, and when the young plants have made three or four leaves, transplant into shallow boxes or coldframes, setting them 4 to 5 inches apart. When danger of frost is over, set out in the open. Seed can also be sown in the open ground.

WILSON'S VERIBEST. Bright scarlet, globe-shaped fruits, free from cracking or tendency to blight. Firm flesh, free from acidity; vigorous, productive vines. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 45 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.65, lb. \$6.

DWARF STONE. Large, smooth, solid, scarlet fruits. Dwarf grower, but very prolific. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 45 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.65, lb. \$6.

Spinach is called by the French the "broom of the stomach"



Wilson's Veribest Tomatoes

TOMATOES, continued

MATCHLESS. Large, bright red, long keeping Tomato; solid fruit. Very desirable. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

PONDEROSA IMPROVED. Enormous purplish pink solid fruits free from acidity. Very productive midseason sort. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.85, lb. \$7.

OTHER GOOD TOMATOES

Chalk's Early Jewel. Extra early; bright red fruit, smooth and solid. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.50.

Earliana. Very early; medium-sized, deep red solid fruits. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.50.

Acme, Early. (Purple.) Fine, smooth, large; constant bearer. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

STONE IMPROVED. Fruits large, very solid and of good quality. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

SUNRISE (Carter's). English-grown seed. Rich scarlet, medium size, solid, delicate flesh. One of the best for forcing. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75, lb. \$10.

SMALL-FRUITED VARIETIES

Red Cherry, Red Pear, Red Plum, Yellow Plum, Yellow Peach, Yellow Pear, and Strawberry or Yellow Husk. Esteemed for preserves, etc. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 45 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.65.

Turnips

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.25, except White and Purple-Top Milan

One ounce will sow a row about 100 feet long; 3 pounds to an acre
Ready for use in 60 to 90 days

CULTURE.—Sow seed in the open ground in April, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, in rows a foot apart, and thin to 4 to 6 inches in the rows. Be sure to have the soil rich and freshly stirred. *Thin early* and keep free from weeds. For fall and winter use sow in July or August.

MILAN, WHITE. Early; flat; smooth; white; tender and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.75.

MILAN, PURPLE-TOP. Similar to above but with purple top. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.75.

Golden Ball. Yellow flesh; medium size.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE. Pure white flesh. Fine for spring, summer, or autumn planting.

Snowball. Pure white; small; quick grower.

White Flat Dutch Strapleaf. Fine early white flat sort.

Yellow Globe. Yellow flesh, crisp, tender and sweet.

Yellow Stone. Round; yellow flesh. Very fine keeper.

Seven Top. Grown for the tops, which are used as greens.

If Turnips are strong, slice and soak them in water over night.

RUTABAGA

WILSON'S IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP RUTABAGA.

Uniform size, shape and quality; desirable for table use.

I grew fine Rutabagas from your seed last year—never saw better. I fed two cows all winter and sold a lot besides. Some of the turnips were as big as my head.—WALTER GRAY, Verona, N. J.

Wilson's High-Grade Flower Seeds

The soil best suited to flowers is a light rich loam, made as fine as possible. If heavy, mix with sand to lighten. Many seeds are very small and require a fine seed-bed. A good plan is to cover the place where the seeds are to be sown with coarse manure or leaves and allow it to remain for a few weeks. The soil will then be in splendid condition to start the seeds.

Sow the seeds either broadcast or in rows, and *cover lightly*—a good general rule is to cover two or three times the size of the seed, and press the soil firmly. *Small seeds cannot come up if covered too deep.* Very fine seed should be sown on the surface and *pressed into the soil.* To have the earliest blooms sow early in boxes indoors. After sowing, water with a fine spray; do not let the soil dry out, as they may damp off. When three or four leaves have formed transplant 1 inch apart in boxes or in the open ground, if warm enough.

HA. Hardy Annual.	HB. Hardy Biennial.
HHA. Half-Hardy Annual.	TB. Tender Biennial.
HP. Hardy Perennial.	HP1. Hardy Perennials that flower
TP. Tender Perennial.	the first year if sown early.

Mixed Annuals

WILSON'S HAPHAZARD FLOWER-GARDEN MIXTURE

Sow some of this broadcast in any out-of-the-way place and you can be sure of plenty of flowers for cutting. Pkt. 5 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.

Wilson's Choice Sweet Peas

(Very Short Crop)

One ounce will sow a single row 25 feet long

A deep, rich, moist soil is best suited to Sweet Peas, hence a trench should be dug $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet deep, and filled with loam mixed with bone-meal or well-rotted stable manure. Thoroughly pulverize the soil, giving *level cultivation*. Make your drills not over 3 inches deep and 6 to 12 inches apart and cover the seed to the full depth of the drill. Do not draw the earth up to the stems, as that causes stem-rot. Sow plentifully, and thin plants to about 2 or 3 inches apart. About 1 foot away from each single row or drill cover the ground with a layer of straw or lawn clippings, and when watering, instead of playing your hose directly on the plants, turn it on the straw or mulch, and you'll be surprised how the plants will thus keep supplied with moisture, insuring fine healthy blooms. Spring sowings should be made as soon as the ground can be prepared.

WILSON'S GIANT-FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS (Orchid-Flowering)

This class is noted for its enormous flowers and for their waved and fluted appearance.

WILSON'S SILVER GILT MEDAL MIXTURE. A beautiful blend of 75 varieties of Spencers awarded the Silver Gilt Medal of the National Sweet Pea Society of Great Britain at the Panama Pacific Exposition. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.

WHITE—		Pkt.	Oz.
King White. Finest of all whites.....		\$0 10	\$0 75
PINK—			
Constance Oliver. Pink and cream.....	10	40	
Apple Blossom. Pink and rose.....	10	40	
Elfrida Pearson. Salmon-pink.....	10	40	
Hercules. Rosy pink; very large.....	10	50	
Peace. New. Soft pale pink.....	10	50	

I have planted your seeds year after year and have never failed to have the best garden in my vicinity.—JOHN HOESSEL, Irvington, N. J.

I had a splendid little flower-garden from your mixed annuals last year.—MRS. L. HUNT, Newark, N. J.



SPENCER SWEET PEAS, continued

	Pkt.	Oz.
PRIMROSE—		
Dobbie's Cream. Deep primrose.....	\$0 10	\$0 50
MAROON—		
Othello. Deep maroon.....	10	40
BLUE—		
Margaret Fife. Beautiful sky-blue.....	10	60
Lord Nelson. Navy blue.....	10	50
LAVENDER AND PURPLE—		
Austin Frederick. Giant lavender.....	10	50
King Mauve. Very large flowers.....	10	50
Royal Purple. As named.....	10	60
SALMON and ORANGE—		
Robert Sydenham. Orange-salmon.....	10	
SCARLET and CARMINE—		
Dobbie's Sunproof Crimson. Extra fine.	10	60
Fiery Cross. Fiery red.....	10	50
BICOLOR, STRIPED, PICOTEE-EDGED—		
Mrs. Cuthbertson. Standard rose-pink; wings white; very fine.....	10	40
Dobbie's Blue Picotee. White, violet edge.....	10	50
Jean Ireland. Buff, margined carmine..	10	50
America. Striped red on white ground...	10	40
Gaiety, Improved. White, flaked rosy crimson.....	10	50
Mabel Baccus. Dark blue mottled on white.....	10	50
Dainty. White, rose-pink edge.....	10	40

WILSON'S GRANDIFLORA SWEET PEAS. These are the old-fashioned sorts with medium-sized flowers, smaller than the Spencer varieties, but said by some to be more fragrant. All Colors, Mixed. Extra fine. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

STIM--PLANT

PLANT STIMULANT TABLET

Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office.

The most modern, efficient, and scientific method of fertilizing growing plants in home-garden, house, or farm.

Stim-U-Plant is a 26-grain tablet with a guaranteed chemical analysis of 11 per cent nitrogen, 12 per cent phosphoric acid and 15 per cent potash. No other plant food contains anything like as high an analysis as this. Tablets are composed of water-soluble materials of great feeding power and of known weight and percentage of plant food. They should be used directly in the soil at the base of the plants or dissolved in water and applied to the soil. Do not spray on the foliage. No matter how rich the soil may be, these wonderful little tablets will help the plants along.

Trial Size (10 tablets).....	\$0 15
Small Size (30 tablets).....	25
Medium Size (100 tablets).....	75
Large Size (1,000 tablets).....	3 50

Wilson's Superb Asters

All 10 cts. per pkt.

CULTURE.—Asters should have an open, sunny position. They prefer good, heavy, loamy soil, enriched with thoroughly rotted manure, *and the addition of wood-ashes or lime.* Do not grow them on the same ground year after year. For early flowering the seed should be started indoors in April. Transplant 1 inch apart when they have made their third leaf and transfer to their flowering quarters in May or early June. Cultivate often. Water regularly. For August and later-flowering sow in the open in May, in a prepared seed-bed transplanting when 2 to 3 inches high. They may also be sown where they are to flower with good results.

The height and earliness of the various classes are indicated by figures and letters, thus: 1, very dwarf, to 6, tallest-growing; EE extra early, M medium, and L late.

ASTERMUM. 6M. Immense double blooms on long, strong stems. 2 feet.

**Purple
Pink**

**White
Mixed**

QUEEN OF THE MARKET. 3EE. One of the best earlies. 1½ feet.

**Lavender
Pink**

**Purple
White**

Mixed

GIANT COMET, or MIKADO. 4M. Broad, wavy, curled petals. 2½ feet.

**Purple
Lavender**

**Shell-Pink
White**

**Rose
Mixed**

LATE-BRANCHING. 6L. Chrysanthemum-like flowers on long stems. 2 to 2½ feet.

**Lavender
Purple
White**

**Crimson
Shell-Pink**

**Light Blue
Mixed**

CREGO. 4E. Giants in size; petals twisted and curled. 2 feet.

**Lavender
Purple**

**Shell-Pink
White**

Mixed

KING. Large flowers with narrow twisted petals.

White King. Purest white.

Rose King. Bright rose.

Lavender King. Exquisite.



Branching Asters

OTHER ASTERS

American Beauty. 6M. Almost identical in color with the popular American Beauty rose. Large and fluffy.

Lavender Gem. Delicate shade; large flowers.

Cardinal. Vivid cardinal-red. Fine.

Pink Enchantress. Lovely shade of pink.

Peerless Shell-Pink. 6M. Fine delicate pink.

Peerless White. 6M.

IMPERIAL GIANTS. 4M. A new type of midsummer Asters. 1½ to 2½ feet. Very large and double; curved petals.

Daybreak. Exquisite shell-pink.

Purity. Pure snow-white.

Blue Bird. Beautiful.

Violet. Very delicate shade.

Vick's Earliest Snowdrift. 4EE. The earliest of all. Immense white feathery flowers; recurved petals.

Vick's Earliest Lavender. This and following variety are identical with Vick's Earliest Snowdrift except as to color.

Vick's Earliest Pink.

Autumn Glory. 6L. Latest of all. Immense double shell-pink flowers.

Your Aster seed last year was good. Send me the same kind this year.—C. MERTON, Newark, N. J.

General List of Flower Seeds

ACHILLEA Ptarmica, The Pearl (Yarrow). H.P.I. Pkt. Pure white double flowers. 2 ft.....	\$0 25
ACONITUM Napellus (Monkshood). H.P. Long spikes of curiously shaped blue flowers. Fine for shade. 3 to 5 ft.....	10
AGERATUM (Floss Flower). HA. One of the best bedding plants. Easily raised from seed.	
Imperial Dwarf Blue	10
Imperial Dwarf White	10
Mixed Colors $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts...	05
Little Blue Star . Light blue. 4 to 5 in.....	25
AGROSTEMMA Coeli-rosa (Rose of Heaven). HA. Fine for dry situation. 2 ft.....	10
ALYSSUM . For beds, vases, edging, etc.; profuse bloomer.	
Carpet of Snow $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts...	05
Little Gem . HA. White. Dwarf, compact; 6 in..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts...	05
Sweet (<i>A. maritimum</i>). HA. White. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c...	05
Lilac Queen . Pale lilac; very dwarf.....	10
Yellow (<i>A. saxatile compactum</i> ; Basket of Gold). HPI. Fine for rockwork. 1 ft.....	10
AMARANTHUS . HA. Brilliant foliage.	
Love-Lies Bleeding (<i>A. caudatus</i>). Drooping crimson flowers. 2 ft.....oz. 25 cts...	05
Prince's Feather (<i>A. cruentus</i>). Dark red.....	05
ANCHUSA italica, Dropmore (Alkanet). HP. Blue; flowers all summer.....	10
ANTIRRHINUM . See Snapdragon, page 32.	
AQUILEGIA (Columbine). HP. Easily grown from seed.	
Scarlet and Yellow (<i>A. canadensis</i>). Native species; long stems.....	10
Yellow (<i>A. chrysantha</i>). Golden-spurred.....	10
Blue and White (<i>A. caerulea</i> ; Rocky Mountain Columbine). 2 ft.....	10
Mixed Double . All colors..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts...	10
Mixed, Single . All colors..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts...	10
ARCTOTIS grandis (African Daisy). HA. Flowers large and showy, white on upper surface, reverse of petals pale lilac. Valuable cut-flower. 2 to 3 ft.	10
ASPARAGUS plumosus nanus . Decorative pot- plant.....	10
Sprengeri	10
BABY'S BREATH . See Gypsophila, page 27.	
BALSAM (Lady's Slipper). HA. Produces masses of beautiful, brilliant, double flowers; of easy culture. 2 feet.	
Wilson's Prize Strain—	
Scarlet $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35 cts...	10
White $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35 cts...	10
Rose $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35 cts...	10
Purple $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35 cts...	10
Mixed $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35 cts...	10
BALSAM APPLE and BALSAM PEAR . See Momordica, page 28.	
BEGONIA semperflorens, Vernon . TP. Blood-red flowers and foliage.....	15
semperflorens, Choicest Hybrids . Dwarf; mixed.	15
gracilis, Prima Donna . Rose, shading to car- mine.....	25
BELLIS perennis (Double Daisy). HPI. Flowers in autumn if sown in spring.	
Red Giant . Immense flowers.....	15
Snowball . Extra-large white flowers.....	10
Longfellow . Extra large pink flowers.....	10
Mixed . Finest.....	10
CACALIA (Tassel Flower). HA. Pretty. 1 foot.	
Scarlet (<i>C. coccinea</i>). Showy.....	05

STIM-U-PLANT FOOD TABLETS. See page 20.

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

CALENDULA (Scotch Marigold). HA. In bloom from early summer until frost. 1 ft.		Pkt.
Royal Marigold. New. Lemon-yellow, striped orange, dark eye.....	\$0 10	
Meteor. Yellow, striped orange.....	05	
Prince of Orange. Like Meteor, but darker.....		
	1/4 oz. 20 cts..	05
Orange King. Rich dark orange.....		10
Sulphur, or Lemon Queen	1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
White, or Ivory		05
Officinalis fl.-pl., Mixed	1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
CANDYTUFT. HA. Seed sown in autumn produces flowers early in the spring; sown in April, flowers in June; successive sowings should be made at intervals. 1 ft.		
White, Giant Hyacinth-flowered. Extra stock.....	1/4 oz. 30 cts...	10
Rose Cardinal. Splendid.....	1/4 oz. 30 cts...	10
Carmine. Carmine-rose.....	1/4 oz. 25 cts...	05
Crimson. Rich.....	1/4 oz. 25 cts...	05
Lavender. Delicate shade.....	1/4 oz. 25 cts...	05
White (Empress)	1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
Mixed Colors	1/4 oz. 15 cts., oz. 40 cts...	05
Perennial Candytuft. HP.		
Lilac (<i>Iberis gibraltarica</i>). Large flowers.....		10
White (<i>I. sempervirens</i>). For rockeries, etc.....		10
CARDINAL CLIMBER, Scarlet Queen. HA. Fiery cardinal flowers. Dark green leaves.....		
		10
CALLIOPSIS. HA. Showy annuals of easiest culture, doing well in any sunny position, blooming all summer.		
Crimson King. Large crimson flowers.....		10
Crown of Gold (<i>C. coronata</i>). Golden yellow flowers 2 to 3 inches across.....		10
Golden King. Fine golden yellow.....		05
Golden Wave (<i>C. Drummondii</i>). Flowers yellow with crimson circles. 2 ft.....		05
Mixed, Single. Very choice.....	1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
See also Coreopsis, page 24.		
CAMPANULA. Rich in color and profuse in bloom. In June and July they flower most profusely. If sown early the perennials will bloom the next year.		
Perennial Varieties —Thrive best in light, rich soil. Some flower the first season if sown early.		
Blue (<i>C. carpatica</i> ; Harebell). Blooms all season; fine for edging; 6 in.....		10
White (<i>C. carpatica alba</i>).....		10
Biennial Varieties —		
Medium (Single Canterbury Bells). Old-fashioned, beautiful, bell-shaped blossoms. Blue, Rose, White, Mixed (all colors). Each.....		05
Calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer). The finest type. Rose, Blue, White, Mixed. Each....		10
CARNATION, Marguerite. HHA. Begin flowering in about twelve weeks from time of sowing. Large, double, highly scented flowers on long stems. With slight protection they will survive ordinary winters. Scarlet, Yellow, White, Mixed Colors. Each.....		
		10
CELOSIA. See Cockscomb, page 24.		
CORNFLOWER (<i>Centaurea Cyanus</i>). HA. These popular, easily grown annuals are also known as Bachelor's Buttons, Blue Bottle, Ragged Sailor, etc. They, and the Imperial Sweet Sultans following, do well almost anywhere.		
Dark Blue, Emperor	1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
Rose	1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
White. Fine.....	1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
Mixed Colors	1/2 oz. 25 cts., oz. 40 cts...	05
Blue, Double. Fine for cutting.....		10
Mixed, Double	1/4 oz. 30 cts...	10
Imperial Sweet Sultans (<i>C. imperialis</i> ; <i>C. Margaria</i>). HA. Beautiful, sweet-scented blooms on long, strong stems. In this latitude sow early in the spring, so that they may perfect their flowers before hot weather. Rose, Purple, Lilac, White, Yellow, Mixed. Each.....		
		10

Various Centaureas—

Rosy Lavender (*C. americana*). HA. A splendid native variety. Immense, thistle-like blooms. Pkt. 3 ft. \$0 10

Dusty Miller (*C. gymnocarpa*). HA. Finely cut silvery gray foliage. 1 ft. 10

White (*C. candidissima*; Dusty Miller). HA. For bedding, vases, hanging-baskets, etc. 10

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER. Purplish crimson flower-heads, closely resembling a ball of wool. 2 ft. 10

CHRYSANthemum. HA. Showy summer-flowering garden favorites, fine for cutting.

Evening Star (*C. segetum*; Golden Marguerite). Pure yellow flowers, 3 inches across. 05

Morning Star. Primrose. Fine. 05

Double Mixed, Coronarium ¼ oz. 25 cts. ... 05

Yellow, Double. Rich color. 05

White, Double. Fine. 05

Mixed, Single (Painted Daisies) ... ¼ oz. 20 cts. ... 05

CINERARIA. TP. Useful and ornamental greenhouse plant.

Mixed Grandiflora Prize 50

Silver Foliage (*C. maritima candidissima*; Dusty Miller). HHP. 10

CLARKIA. HA. Does well in sun or shade; grows 2 to 2½ feet high, with leafy racemes of double flowers. Splendid for cutting.

Pure White (*C. elegans alba*) 10

Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink. 10

Scarlet Queen. Splendid. 10

Purple King. Light purple. 10

Mixed, Double. New shades. 10

CLEOME pungens (Spider Flower). HA. Grows 3½ feet tall; large flower-heads of rosy crimson. ¼ oz. 25 cts. ... 05

COBÆA scandens. HA. Fine climber. Bell-shaped flowers. 15 ft. **Purple** or **White** 10

COCKSCOMB (*Celosia cristata*). HA. Free-blooming annuals, growing best in rather light soil, not too rich. Immense combs.

Glasgow Prize. Dark crimson. 10

Empress. Dwarf red. 10

Dwarf, Mixed. Extra. 10

Feathered (*C. plumosa*). HA. Makes fine plants for large beds or groups. The plumes can be cut and dried for winter bouquets.

Thompsonii magnifica. Crimson. Plumes like an ostrich-feather. 3 ft. 10

Yellow. Splendid plumes. 10

Finest Mixed. All shades of yellow and rose to crimson. Splendid. 10

CONVOLVULUS. See Morning-Glory and Ipomœa.

COREOPSIS grandiflora. HPI. Large yellow flowers in abundance, from June till frost. Easily grown from seed. ... ⅛ oz. 20 cts., ¼ oz. 35 cts. ... 10

COSMOS. HA. Produces thousands of beautiful flowers in white, pink and crimson shades in summer and autumn. They prefer a rather light, not too rich soil, but do well almost anywhere. 4 to 6 ft.



Cosmos

Wilson's Giant-flowered. Magnificent.

Mixed ... ¼ oz. 20 cts. 05

Lady Lenox. Deep rosy pink. ... ¼ oz. 20 cts. ... 05

Lady Lenox, White ... ¼ oz. 20 cts. ... 05

Crimson Ray. Brilliant crimson, star-like petals. ¼ oz. 20 cts. ... 10

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

Cosmos, Wilson's Extra-Early Mammoth-flowering. Flower in July and continue all summer and fall. Most desirable.			Pkt.
Crimson	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts...	\$0	05
White	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts...		05
Pink	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts...		05
Mixed	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts...		05
New Double-flowered Cosmos—			
White Queen. Splendid.....			25
Pink Beauty. Exquisite.....			25
Mixed Colors			25
CYCLAMEN giganteum (Alpine Violet). TB.			
Pure White			25
White with Red Eye			25
Salmon			25
Rose-Pink			25
Mixed Giant			25
CYPRESS VINE. See <i>Ipomæa Quamoclit</i> , page 27.			
DAHLIA. HHP1. Grown very readily from seed.			
Mixed Cactus. Very fine; 5 ft.....			10
Mixed Double. Finest. 4 ft.....			10
Finest Mixed Single. From selected flowers....			10
Bulbs of Named Varieties. See page 35.			
DATURA cornucopia (Horn of Plenty). HHA.			
Violet; 3 ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...		10
DELPHINIUM (Larkspur). In variety and beauty of its blue tints, the Delphinium has no equal. Some species flower early and late; the season for all can be prolonged by cutting away withered flower-stems. All are easily cultivated. Blooms are finest in soil deeply dug and well enriched. They must have plenty of room to grow.			
Annual Larkspurs. Some of these are hardy biennials, but as they bloom the first season, we treat them as annuals.			
Giant Stock-flowered. 2 ft. White, Lilac, Dark Blue, Sky-Blue, Pink, Carmine, Mixed. All.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts...		05
Perennial Larkspurs. These are usually taller than the annuals. If sown in fall or very early spring, nearly all will bloom the first season.			
White (<i>D. chinense</i>). Fine.....			10
Blue (<i>D. chinense</i>). Distinct shade.....			10
Mixed			10
Pale Blue (<i>D. Belladonna</i>). Lovely shade.....			25
Blue Bee Larkspur (<i>D. elatum</i>). Clear blue; large spikes. 3 ft.....			10
Mixed Bee Larkspur			10
Blue, White Center (<i>D. formosum</i>). 3 ft.....			10
Wilson's Extra Special Mixed (from private collection).....	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 25 cts...		10
DIMORPHOTHECA (African Golden Daisy). HA. Easily grown. Beautiful. The flowers vary in color from white to salmon, many being zoned with several colors.			
Orange-Yellow (<i>D. aurantiaca</i>). Fine.....			10
Mixed (<i>D. aurantiaca hybrida</i>).....			10
DOLICHOS Lablab (Hyacinth Bean). HA. Rapid-growing climber; flowers in clusters. 10 ft.			
White, Purple, Mixed. Each.....	oz. 25 cts...		05
ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber). HA. Fine climber..... Pkt.			
	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts...	\$0	10
ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy; Gold Cups). HA. Attractive annuals for beds, edging or masses; bloom from June to frost. 1 ft.			
Fringed Vesuvius. Wall-flower-red. Extra.....			10
Orange (<i>E. californica</i>) ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...		05
Carmine-Rose (Carmine King).....			10
Creamy White (<i>E. alba</i>)	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...		05



Eschscholtzia

Eschscholtzia maritima , Cross of Malta. Yel- Pkt. low with orange cross. Very striking.....	\$0 10
Dainty Queen . Pale coral-pink, cream ground..	10
Chrome Queen . New shades of chrome-yellow; distinct.....	10
Mixed, Single . Very choice..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...	05
Mixed, Large-flowering Hybrids . A large- flowering, erect type, containing a large percent- age of new shades.....	10
EUPHORBIA . HA. For beds or borders; exceed- ingly ornamental. 2 to 3 ft.	
variegata (Snow - on - the - Mountain). Foliage margined white. 2 ft..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts...	10
heterophylla (Mexican Fire Plant). Glossy green leaves, changing about midsummer to orange- scarlet.....	10
EVERLASTING FLOWERS—	
Helichrysum monstrosum fl.-pl. HA. Will grow in almost any soil; 2 ft. Crimson, Violet, Carminé, Mixed . Each.....	10
Globe Amaranth (Gomphrena). HA. Globe- shaped everlasting flowers. 2 ft. Mixed	05
Xeranthemum . HA. Very fine. Silvery foliage and double, silky flowers. Mixed	10
EVENING PRIMROSE (E. <i>Enothera</i>). HA. Showy flowers; of easy culture. Mixed	10
FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis). Hardy if given slight protection. Seed may be sown from spring till midsummer.	
Alpestris, Mixed . Very choice.....	05
Palustris semperflorens (True Forget-me-not). HP. Blue. 9 in.....	10
FOUR O'CLOCKS (Marvel of Peru). HA. Free- flowering garden favorite. 2 ft.	
Mixed Colorsoz. 35 cts...	05
FOXGLOVE (Digitalis). HP. Handsome, hardy plants, succeeding under almost all conditions, and flowering in June and July. <i>Does well in</i> <i>half-shade</i> . 3 to 5 ft.	
Gloxiniæflora . Handsome, spotted, gloxinia-like flowers on long spikes. Purple, Rose, White, Yellow . Each.....	05
Mixed Colors $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts...	05
GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). HA. Large flowers. Blooms profusely from early summer until frost. Fine for beds, borders, or for cutting. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	
Blood-Red (<i>G. amblyodon</i>).....	05
Picta, Mixed . Single; fine colors.. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...	05
Creamy White (<i>P. Lorenziana</i> , The Bride). Double.....	10
Lorenziana, Double Mixed . Beautiful colors..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...	05
Double and Single Mixed $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts...	05
Grandiflora . HP. If sown early begins flowering in July, continuing until frost; 2 ft. Finest mixed.....	10
GERANIUM . TP. Easily raised from seed.	
Zonale . Choice sorts.....	10
GODETIA . HA. A beautiful hardy annual. The plants bloom profusely and bear showy flowers of satiny texture. <i>Does best in rather poor soil and</i> <i>in somewhat shaded situations</i> . 1 ft.	
Crimson Glow . Intense crimson; compact.....	10
Pure White (Duchess of Albany). Compact.....	10
Blood-Red (Lord Roberts). Large, brilliant flowers.....	10
Shell-Pink (Rosamond). Beautiful.....	10
Mixed, Dwarf Compact Sorts	10
GOURDS, Ornamental . HA. Quick-growing vines; for arbors, walls, etc. Grow in curious shapes; useful for house ornaments.	
Finest Mixed . All varieties. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15c., oz. 40c...	05
GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). TP. Fern-like foliage. Fine decorative plant.....	10

No garden complete without Larkspurs and Eschscholtzia

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

GYPSOPHILA elegans alba grandiflora.	HA	Pkt
Large-flowering, pure white.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c., oz. 75c...	\$0 05
paniculata compacta.	HPi. White; fine. 2 ft...	10
HELICHRYSUM.	See Everlasting Flowers, page 26.	
HELIOTROPE.	TP. Finest mixed, large-flowering.	
2 ft.		10
HOLLYHOCK.	HP. One of the most majestic of hardy plants. Seed sown about midsummer will produce fine flowering plants the next year.	
Double Varieties—		
Black, Pink, White, Yellow. Each.....		10
Double Mixed, Extra-Choice.....		10
Collection: One pkt. each of above 4 colors, 35c.		
Single Sorts—		
Yellow, Pink, White, Dark Maroon. Each..		10
Mixed. All colors.....		10
Collection: One pkt. each of above 4 colors, 35c.		
HUMULUS japonica (Japanese Hop). HA. Green foliage. Rapid climber. Fine for verandas, etc.		
12 ft.....		10
japonica variegata. Green and white foliage....		10
HUNNEMANNIA fumariæfolia (Giant Tulip Poppy). HPi. Golden yellow.....		10
HYACINTH BEAN.	See Dolichos, page 25.	
IPOMŒA.	HA. Climbers of rapid growth, with beautiful and varied flowers. Soak seed in warm water over night.	
Scarlet (<i>I. coccinea</i> ; Star Ipomœa).....		05
Rosy Lilac (Bona Nox; Evening-Glory).....		
$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15 cts...		05
White (<i>I. mexicana alba grandiflora</i> ; Giant White Moonflower). Flowers open at night and on dull days.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts...	10
Pink (Giant Pink Moonflower)....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...	05
Mixed, Choicest.....	oz. 25 cts...	05
See also Morning-Glory on page 28.		
Quamoclit (Cypress Vine). Fern-like foliage, star-shaped flowers. Sow in May. 15 feet. Scarlet, White. Each.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15 cts...	05
JOB'S TEARS (<i>Coix lacryma-Jobi</i>)....	oz. 35 cts...	05
KOCHIA trichophylla (Summer Cypress; Mexican Fire Bush). HA. Green foliage, turning to scarlet in the summer and brown in fall. 2 ft...		05
LARKSPUR.	See Delphinium, page 25.	
LAVATERA (Mallow). HA. Beautiful large, cup-shaped flowers all summer. 2 ft.		
Pink (<i>L. splendens grandiflora rosea</i>).....		10
LINUM (Flax). Very pretty, free-blooming.		
Blue (<i>L. perenne</i>). HP. 1½ ft.....		05
Scarlet (<i>L. grandiflorum rubrum</i>). HA. 1 ft.....		05
LOBELIA. HHA. For edgings, urns and baskets; requires rich soil and plenty of water.		
Crystal Palace Compacta. Deep blue. 4 in....		20
Deep Blue (<i>L. erinus gracilis</i>). Trailing. 1 ft....		10
LOVE-IN-A-MIST (<i>Nigella</i>). HA. 1 to 2 ft.		
Double Blue, Miss Jekyll.....		10
Double Mixed.....		05
LUPINS, Annual. Long, graceful spikes of pea-shaped flowers; prefers a little shade. 2 ft.		
Sky-Blue, Rose, White. Each		05
Yellow. 1½ ft.....		10
Mixed. All colors.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...	05
Collection: One pkt. each of above 4 colors, 20c.		
Perennial Lupins—		
Polyphyllus. Blooms in May and June. Rose, Blue, White, Mixed. Each.....		10
LYCHNIS chalcædonica (Jerusalem Cross). HPi. Handsome plants of easy culture. Scarlet flowers. 2 ft.....		10

Don't fail to sow some Gypsophila—splendid for bouquets—and don't neglect the climbers—Dolichos, Ipomœa, etc.

MARIGOLD. HA. Old favorites of easy culture. Succeed best in light soil with sunny exposure.



Marigold

French— Pkt.

Legion d'Honneur (Little Brownie). Yellow and crimson; single; compact. 9 in. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c. \$0 05

Star of India. New. Crimson, striped yellow. Single $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts. 10

Silver King. New. Pale yellow and maroon. Single $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts. 10

Mixed Dwarf. Very double; 1 ft. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts. 05

African—

Orange. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts. 05

Lemon. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts. 05

Mixed Orange and Lemon. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts. 05

MATRICARIA capensis fl.-pl. (Feverfew). HHP. Double, white flowers on long stems. 10

MATTHIOLA bicornis (Evening-scented Stock). HA. Purplish lilac. Fragrant 10

MIGNONETTE. HA. Sowings made in April and July will keep up a succession from early summer until frost.

Allen's Defiance. Splendid. 10

Goliath. Red; enormous spike. 10

Machet. Fine. 10

Sweet-scented (*Reseda odorata*) $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts. 05

MIMOSA pudica (Sensitive Plant). HHA. Purplish flowers. When touched the leaflets close. 10

MIMULUS tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Bushy plants about 1 foot high; flowers striped and blotched. 10

MOMORDICA. HA. Handsome climbers, bearing odd-shaped fruit.

Balsamina (Balsam Apple) $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts. 05

Charantia (Balsam Pear) $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts. 05

MORNING-GLORY. HA. Of easiest culture; sow in a sunny situation.

White (Snow Fairy). Some flowers single, some semi-double and some double. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts., oz. 60 cts. 10

Mixed, Giant Single Japanese. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts. 05

Mixed Climbing (*Convolvulus major*). Extra fine. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts. 05

Mixed Dwarf. Fine. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts. 05

See, also, Ipomœa, page 27.

NEMESIA strumosa Suttonii. HA. Pretty, bright-colored flowers for edgings. 9 in. Finest mixed. 25

NASTURTIUMS. H.A.

Tom Thumb Dwarf—

Wilson's Special Rainbow Mixture. Made up from named varieties, embracing all color combinations known in this increasingly popular and easily grown annual. Oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.

Chameleon. Mixed. Richly colored flowers on same plant. 05

Crystal Palace Gem. Orange-yellow, garnet blotches. 05

Aurora. Terra-cotta. 05

Crimson. Velvety shade. 05

Golden King. Indian yellow; dark leaves. 05

King Theodore. Deep maroon. 05

Cloth of Gold. Fiery red; golden leaved. 05

Crystal Palace Gem. Yellow, spotted maroon. 05

Salmon Queen (Vesuvius). Salmon-rose. 05

Pearl (Moonlight). Creamy white. 05

Fine Mixed Dwarf. Oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c., lb. \$1.50.

Unless you have a band of "posies" playing in your garden, it is apt to fall short of ideal. Grow some flowers.



Dwarf Nasturtiums

Nasturtiums, Tall, or Climbing—

Wilson's Superb Mixture. From named sorts, including all colors and shades. Oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 75 cts.			Pkt.
Chameleon (Coquette). Rare colors in mixture.	\$0	05	
Cloth of Gold. Fiery red; golden-leaved.....		05	
Salmon Queen. Salmon-rose.....		05	
Butterfly. Yellow, spotted salmon.....		05	
King Theodore. Black.....		05	
Pearl. Whitish in effect.....		05	
Crimson. Rich and deep.....		05	
Fine Mixed. Oz. 15 cts., ¼lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.			

NEMOPHILA insignis (Love Grove). HHA. Blue; compact habit; blooms all summer if planted in a cool, shady place, and in soil not too rich.... 05

NICOTIANA. HA. Very showy and free-flowering.
Carmine-Red (*N. Sanderæ*)..... 10
Sanderæ Hybrids. Many colors..... 10
Pure White (*N. affinis*). Fragrant; 4 ft..... 05

PANSIES. HA. Seed sown in May will flower during late summer and autumn. For early spring-flowering, sow in August or September, and protect the young plants through the winter. Soil should be light and well fertilized. Do best in partial shade.

Giant Bedding Pansies—

Victoria. Claret-red.....	10
King of the Blacks. Almost black.....	10
Yellow (Sunlight). Pure yellow.....	10
Pure White (Snowflake).....	10
Light Blue. Exquisite shade.....	10

Wilson's Imperator, Mixed. A grand mixture; contains practically every color and shade. Includes four and five blotched varieties, orchid-flowered frilled sorts, and selfs..... ¼oz. \$1.. 25

Butterfly, Mixed. Large-flowered sorts..... 10

PASSION FLOWER (*Passiflora cærulea*). TP. Sky-blue flowers; fine climber..... 10

PETUNIA. HA. One of our most popular annuals, of the easiest culture, thriving in almost any soil.

Howard's Star. Blood-red, blotched white.....	10
Rosy Morn. Dwarf; carmine-pink, white throat..	10
Carmen Sylva (Baby Blue). Exquisite.....	10
Snowball. Dwarf. Pure white flowers.....	10
Mixed, Inimitable Striped and Blotched	10
California Giants, Mixed. Enormous flowers; colors unequalled.....	25
Fine Mixed. Bright colors..... ¼oz. 30 cts...	05
Double Inimitable Striped and Blotched. Very choicest mixed.....	75
Balcony Petunia. Dark red. Especially fine for window-boxes.....	25

PHLOX Drummondii. HA. One of the easiest plants that can be grown from seed. It will thrive in any kind of soil if given a sunny position, but prefers a light, rich loam.

Large-flowering Varieties—

Pkt.

White, White with Purple Eye, Rose, Scarlet. Each.....\$0 10
Choice Mixed.....1/8oz. 30 cts... 10

Collection: One pkt. each of above 4 colors, 35c.

Dwarf Phlox. Compact habit. Fine for pots. 6 in.

Finest Mixed..... 10

Hardy Perennial Phlox—

Wilson's Superb Large-flowered, Mixed.... 15

PHYSOSTEGIA (Obedient Plant). H.P. Beautiful summer-flowering plants. Large flowers. Fine for cutting. 3 ft.

Lilac (*P. virginica*)..... 10

White (*P. virginica alba*)..... 10

PINK (*Dianthus*). HB₁ and HP. One of our most beautiful and best-loved flowers. Some are hardy biennials that bloom finely the first season. Seed can be sown under glass in spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. Transplant the seedlings to stand 8 to 12 inches apart.



Pink

Chinensis, Double, Mixed (China Pinks). 1/4oz. 15c.. 10

Heddewigii (Japan Pinks). Large and brilliant, often oddly edged and striped.

Double, Mixed. Extra-fine strain..... 05

Wilson's Royal Pinks. Very large flowers of various colors, with crested surface to petals and white throats..... 10

Crimson Belle. Large dark red..... 10

Mourning Pink. Very large, double flowers blackish crimson, fringed white..... 10

Snowball. Double white; very large flowers... 10

Laciniatus. Lacinated flowers.

Single Mixed. Fringed, all colors..... 05

Double Mixed. Extra select..... 05

Plumarius (Sweet May Pinks). HP. The fragrant perennials of old-time gardens.

Pheasant's Eye. Pretty, fringed flowers..... 05

POPPIES. Annual Poppies should be sown early and very thinly, preferably in cloudy weather or after a shower. Barely cover the seed and press down firmly. Thin out to stand 3 or more inches apart. Make several sowings at intervals for a succession.

Single Annual Poppies. HA.

***Flanders.** Scarlet; single. 1/4oz. 20c., oz. 50c... 10

Shirley. Choicest mixed.....1/4oz. 15 cts... 05

Admiral. White, with broad band of scarlet around top..... 05

Danish Cross, Danebrog. Scarlet, with a white spot on each petal.....1/4oz. 15 cts... 05

Tulip Poppy. Brilliant scarlet flowers 3 inches across; 2 ft..... 10

The Bride. Large; pure white... 1/4oz. 15 cts... 05

Double Annual Poppies. HA.

White Swan. Immense, double, white flowers, beautifully fringed.....1/4oz. 15 cts... 05

Shrimp-Pink. Exquisite..... 10

Cardinal. Very striking..... 10

Carnation-flowered. Mixed....oz. 25 cts... 05

Eldorado. Double Shirley Poppy. Beautiful new shades..... 10

Sutton's Black. New. Double and semi-double..... 10

"In Flanders fields the poppies grow
Beneath the crosses, row on row."

*Do not fail to sow seed of this brilliant Poppy made famous during the late World War.

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

Poppies, Hardy Perennial

Iceland Poppies (*Papaver nudicaule*). HP1.

These flower the first year from seed, blooming almost as quickly as the annuals. Pkt.

Yellow, White, Mixed. Each.....\$0 10

Oriental Poppies. Sow outdoors in early spring. When fall growth starts, transplant to permanent quarters.

Deep Crimson (*P. bracteatum*). Immense flowers..... 10

Mixed Hybrids. Immense flowers..... 10

PORTULACA (Sun Plant; Rose Moss). HA. Of easy culture, thriving best in light loamy soil, and in a sunny situation. Fine for beds, edgings or rockwork.

Single Mixed..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts... 05

Double Mixed..... 10

PRIMULA (Hardy Primroses). HP. One of the best early spring-flowering plants. With slight protection they will stand the winter.

japonica (Japanese Primrose). Showy flowers on long stems; mixed Pkt. colors\$0 10

obconica. TP. Fine for window-gardens.

White (*P. grandiflora alba*) 25

Red (*P. grandiflora rubra*) 50

Kewensis. Bright yellow; fragrant 25

Malacoides. Lilac; fine. 25

alba. New. White.. 50

Sinensis fimbriata,

Royal Blue..... 50

Pink Beauty..... 50



Shirley Poppy (see page 30)

PUERARIA Thunbergiana (Japanese Kudzu Vine).

HP. Rapid climber. Large foliage; rosy purple, pea-shaped blossoms in August.....\$0 10

PYRETHRUM. HP. Handsome herbaceous plants of easy culture.

parthenifolium aureum (Golden Feather). Yellow foliage..... 05

roseum hybridum. Large-flowering, single mixed. 2 ft..... 10

RICINUS (Castor-Oil Bean). HA. Ornamental plants, producing subtropical effects.

africanus. Very large green foliage..... 05

hybridus panormitanus. Huge, dark brown leaves; blue-powdered stems 05

sanguineus. Blood-red stalks. 8 ft..... 05

zanzibarensis. Mixed. Very large leaves, some coppery bronze, changing to green. oz. 35 cts... 05

Mixed. All sorts.....oz. 15 cts... 05

ROCKET, SWEET (Hesperis). HP. Also known as Dame's Rocket; grows 2 to 3 feet high with spikes of showy, fragrant flowers.

Purple and White. Each..... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15 cts... 05

SALPIGLOSSIS (Painted Tongue). HHA. Beautiful, orchid-like flowers, from early summer until fall; of easy culture. Sow early in spring in a hot-bed or window, and transplant outdoors after danger of frost is past.

Improved Large-flowering Emperor Strain—

Primrose, Crimson, White and Gold, Yellow and White. Each..... 10

Finest Mixed. All colors..... 10

Collection: One pkt. each of above 4 sorts, 35c.

SALVIA (Flowering Sage). HA. Easily raised from seed sown in February or March in the greenhouse or hotbed. Transfer seedlings to the open garden end of May.

Scarlet (*S. splendens*). 3 ft..... 10

Bonfire. Fine spikes..... 10

Zurich. Early dwarf; scarlet. Very compact. 15 in. 25

Poppies are amongst the showiest old-fashioned flowers

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride). HA. Magnificent hardy annuals of easy cultivation, blooming freely all summer. For beds or borders and for cutting. 2 ft.	
Azure Fairy. Lovely pale blue; large flowers....	Pkt. \$0 10
Snowball. Pure white.....	10
Crimson. Beautiful.....	10
Rose. Exquisite.....	10
Mixed, Choice. Fine strain..... 1/4 oz. 35 cts...	10
Blue Bonnet (<i>S. caucasica</i>). HP. Lilac-blue; fine for cutting. 3 ft.....	10
SCHIZANTHUS (Butterfly Flower). HA. Erect grower. Wonderful coloring; of easy culture; fine for cutting. 1 1/2 ft.	
Wisetonensis. White and Rose.....	25
Grandiflora, Mixed. Splendid.....	10
SENSITIVE PLANT. See Mimosa, page 28.	
SNAPDRAGON (<i>Antirrhinum</i>). HPI. Succeeds best in a light soil and sunny position, and is best treated as an annual. For early flowering, sow in fall, protecting the plants with leaves through the winter; sown in spring, they bloom from midsummer till frost.	
Giant Varieties. Tall; flowers in long spikes.	
Scarlet	10
White	10
Rose	10
Yellow	10
Mixed 1/4 oz. 30 cts...	10
Large-flowering Half-Dwarf Varieties. Grow about 18 inches high. Fine bedders.	
Bright Crimson (<i>Crimson King</i>). Fine.....	10
Nelrose. Soft pink.....	10
Firebrand. Deep red.....	10
Pink and Rose Shades. Fine.....	10
Yellow Queen. Extra.....	10
White Beauty	10
Collection: One pkt. each of above 6 sorts, 55c.	
Mixed Colors	10
TEN-WEEKS STOCK (<i>Gilliflower</i>). HA. One of the most popular annuals, either for bedding or pot culture.	
Improved Large-flowering Dwarf, Blood-Red, Light Blue, Bright Pink, White, Mixed. Each	10
Collection: One pkt. each of above 4 colors, 30c.	
Large-flowering Winter (<i>Beauty Stocks</i>)—	
Beauty of Nice. Delicate flesh-pink spikes....	15
Queen Alexandra. Rosy lilac.....	15
Abundance. Carmine-rose.....	15
Summer Night. Rich deep blue.....	15
Mont Blanc. White.....	15
Perpetual or Branching—	
Princess Alice, White. Splendid; perpetual-blooming; sown in March or April, begins flowering in July, continuing until frost.....	15
Empress Augusta Victoria. Silvery lilac....	15
Empress Elizabeth (<i>Emperor or Winter</i>). Bright carmine.....	15
STOKESIA cyanea (<i>Cornflower Aster</i>). HP. Cornflower-like blossoms from July until frost. 2 ft.	
Lavender-Blue	10
White (<i>S. alba</i>).....	10
SUNFLOWER (<i>Helianthus</i>). HA. Of stately growth, with brilliant flowers. Fine for cutting. Sow in a sunny spot in April or May.	
Single Varieties—	
Cucumerifolius (<i>Miniature</i>). Golden yellow flowers, 2 to 3 inches across, with black centers. 2 ft..... 1/4 oz. 20 cts...	05
Seedlings of Stella. Single.....	10
Red Annual, or Gaillardia-flowered	10
Giant, or Mammoth oz. 20 cts....	05
Double Sorts—	
Orange (<i>Globe Sunflower</i>). Flowers very large. 6 ft. 1/4 oz. 15 cts...	05
Chrysanthemum - flowered. Large, double yellow flowers..... oz. 15 cts...	05
Many-flowered. Double.....	10

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

- SWEET WILLIAM** (*Dianthus barbatus*). HP. Free flowering. It is better to raise new plants from seed every season than to divide the old ones. Pkt.
- Single Mixed.** All colors.....oz. 25 cts...\$0 05
- Double Mixed.** Very fine strain..... 10
- Dwarf Compact Mixed**..... 10
- SOLANUM capsicastrum** (Jerusalem Cherry). Scarlet globular berries and small oval leaves. Fine pot plants..... 10
- VERBENA.** HA. One of the finest bedding and border plants. Brilliant colored flowers.
- Mammoth Strain.** Produces immense flowers.
- Pink, White, Blue, Scarlet Defiance, Striped, Very Fine Mixed.** Each..... 10
- Collection: One pkt. each of the 5 colors, 40c.**
- VINCA** (Periwinkle), **Mixed.** HA. Easy cultivation. Fine for pots and bedding..... 10
- WALLFLOWER.** HA. Well-known plants, with beautiful, fragrant flowers.
- Paris Market, Single.** Brown..... 05
- Mixed, Single.** All colors..... 05
- Double Mixed.** All colors..... 25
- WILD CUCUMBER.** See Echinocystis, page 25.
- ZINNIA** (Youth and Old Age). HA. Most desirable decorative annuals for beds and borders.
- Tall Double Large-flowering Sorts.** 2 ft.
- White, Salmon-Rose, Scarlet, Yellow, and Flesh-Pink.** Each.. Pkt.
- $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts...\$0 05
- Collection: One pkt. each of above 5 colors, 20 cts.**
- Mixed.** Brilliant colors.
- $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts... 05
- Tall Double Giants.** 2 to 3 ft. Enormous, double flowers of fine quality.
- Purple, Scarlet, Yellow, White, Salmon-Pink.** Each..... 10
- Collection: One pkt. each of above 5 colors, 40 cts.**
- Superb Mixed**.....
- $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts... 10 Pkt.
- Dwarf, Double Mixed.** 15 in.... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts...\$0 05
- Picotee.** (New class.) Very double flowers tipped with various colors. Distinct.
- Golden Pheasant.** Gold ground, each petal tipped maroon..... $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.. 25
- Choicest Mixed.** Ground colors ranging from white to crimson; petals tipped with various colors..... $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts... 20



Zinnia

Thank you for catalogue sent, also for letter which favorably impressed me . . . also thank you for courtesy extended.—
V. E. WRIGHT, Montclair, N. J.

Wilson's Superb Dahlias

Roots 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz. Cost of transportation extra
Six of a kind at dozen rate

CULTURE AND CARE.—Dahlias will grow in almost any kind of soil, if properly cared for. If the soil is heavy, apply wood- or coal-ashes, to make it porous.

Spade the soil to a good depth before planting. If rich, no manuring will be needed. If poor, broadcast any kind of manure *before spading*. Place the tubers flat, not over 6 inches deep, and from 2 to 4 feet apart, where they will receive the full benefit of the sun. They will grow in a partially shaded spot, too, but will not bloom so profusely.

If the soil is moist when roots are planted do not water until the sprouts show above ground, and then only if very dry. A thorough soaking once a week is enough. The soil must be kept free from weeds, but do not hoe too deeply.

We specialize in Zinnias and handle only the best strains of seed obtainable. Try the new Picotee sorts

Stir the ground after watering, and after every rain. As soon as the side shoots appear remove all but the strongest and pinch out the center of that when two or three pairs of leaves have formed.

CACTUS DAHLIAS

Charles Clayton. Dazzling red.
Conquest. Deep maroon.
Country Girl. Deep yellow, tipped amber.
Effective. Deep amber, rose center.
Francis White. Pure white. Extra fine.
Major Hobbs. Lavender-pink.
Master Carl. Very large; bright amber.
Northern Star. Pure canary-yellow.
Rosalind. Rose pink, creamy center.

DECORATIVE AND SHOW DAHLIAS

Acquisition. Dark rich lilac.
Blue Oban. Lavender, tinted blue.
Delice. Bright pink, suffused lavender.
Fireburst. Intense scarlet, shaded orange.
Golden Wedding. Deep yellow. Fine.
Queen of the Belgians. Delicate pink.
Red and Black. Deep maroon.
Sunburst. Beautiful salmon.
White Wings. Immaculate white.

Wilson's Superb Gladioli

ALL FIRST-SIZE BULBS

The loveliest of all summer-flowering bulbs and the easiest to grow. A succession may be had from July until October by planting from April to June, ten days apart.

Any good garden soil, thoroughly prepared and manured, is suitable. Bone meal or sheep manure are particularly good for Gladioli. If the soil is stiff, fill drills with sandy loam.

Gladioli should have full exposure to the sun. Plant in single or double rows, 2 inches apart in the drill, 3, or 4 inches deep, according to size. Single rows should be about 12 inches apart, double rows, 18 inches. Mass planting in beds will be found highly desirable. When planted in beds, set bulbs from 4 to 6 inches apart in either direction.

Each and dozen prices include cost of transportation

Six of a kind at dozen rate; 25 of a kind at 100 rate

America. Beautiful, soft pink, tinted white; flowers large. 7 cts. each, 70 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.
Baron Josef Hulot (Blue King). Rich indigo-blue. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100.
Dawn. Splendid pure pink. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.
Empress of India. Deep maroon with lighter markings. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.
Europa. Gigantic flowers of purest white; very broad spikes. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.
Halley. Large; salmon-pink, blotched yellow and carmine. 7 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.
Lily Lehman. Ivory-white, lily-shaped flowers. 14 cts. each, \$1.40 per doz., \$10 per 100.
Mrs. Francis King. Splendid light scarlet or flame-color. 6 cts. each, 60 cts. per doz., \$4.50 per 100.
Mrs. Frank Pendleton, Jr. Pink, crimson blotch; long spikes. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100.
Niagara. Very large creamy yellow flowers; throat and lower ends of outside petals flushed carmine. 12 cts. each, \$1.20 per doz., \$8 per 100.
Pink Perfection. Delicate apple-blossom-pink. 14 cts. each, \$1.40 per doz., \$10 per 100.
Panama. Long spikes, with large, deep pink flowers. A grand variety. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100.
Peace. Very large, white, with pale violet feathering on lower petals. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6.50 per 100.
Schwaben. Yellow; finest of all. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100.
War. Deep blood-red. 12c. each, \$1.20 per doz., \$8 per 100.
Willy Wigman. Delicate rose, tinted cream, carmine-red blotch; fine. 12 cts. each, \$1.20 per doz., \$8 per 100.
Wilson's Rainbow Hybrids. Remarkably rich colors and shadings. 60 cts. per doz., \$4.50 per 100.

Seeds That Produce Profitable Crops

Wilson's Quality Fertilizers, Etc.

Cost of transportation extra. All prices subject to change

Complete Garden Fertilizer. A quick-acting, safe, and reliable food and stimulant for vegetables and outdoor plants of every description. 5 lbs. 40 cts., 10 lbs. 65 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.40, 50 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$4.75.

Lawn Top Dressing. A complete plant-food in soluble form. Apply before a rain or wash in with a hose. 5 lbs. 45 cts., 10 lbs. (enough for a plot 20 x 50 feet), 75 cts., 25 lbs. (for 20 x 100 feet), \$1.70, 50 lbs. (for 50 x 100 feet), \$3.25, 100 lbs. (for 100 x 100 feet, \$6.

Nitrate of Soda. Do not apply until plants are above ground. Lb. 15 cts., 5 lbs. 60 cts., 10 lbs. \$1, 25 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. \$3.75, 100 lbs. \$7. For liquid use 1 ounce to a gallon or 5 pounds to 80 gallons of water.

Pure Bone Meal. Fine for rose-culture and for plants of every kind. 5 lbs. 45 cts., 10 lbs. 75 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.75, 50 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$5.50.

Sheep Manure, Pulverized. Fine for mixing with potting soil, for lawns, and for the garden. For liquid manure, use 3 lbs. to 5 gals. water. Lb. 10 cts., 5 lbs. 40 cts., 10 lbs. 70 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.50, 50 lbs. \$2.75, 100 lbs. \$5.

Agricultural Lime. Apply at the rate of 10 pounds to 100 square feet, or 1 to 1½ tons to the acre. 5 lbs. 20 cts., 10 lbs. 35 cts., 25 lbs. 70 cts., 50 lbs. \$1.10, 100 lbs. \$2.

Wood-Ashes, Hardwood, Unleached. 10 lbs. 50 cts., 25 lbs. \$1, 50 lbs. \$1.50, 100 lbs. \$2.50.

STIM-U-PLANT TABLETS. See page 20.

Insecticides and Remedies for Plant Diseases

Cost of transportation extra. All prices subject to change

Arsenate of Lead. (Paste.) For all leaf-eating insects. Use 2 to 3 pounds to 50 gallons of water. 1-lb. tin 45 cts., 2-lb. tin 80 cts., 5-lb. tin \$1.75.

Black-Leaf 40. Destroys sucking insects. 1-oz. bottle 25 cts., ½-lb. tin \$1, 2-lb. tin \$3.25, 10-lb. tin \$13.75.

Bordeaux Mixture, or Fungi-Bordo. For all fungous diseases. Paste, 1-lb. tin 40 cts., 5-lb. tin \$1.75. Powder, 1-lb. tin 60 cts., 5-lb. tin \$2.50.

Bordeaux Lead. (Paste.) Safest spray for leaf-eating insects; prevents blight and fungous diseases. 1-lb. tin 45 cts., 5-lb. tin \$1.75.

Fish-Oil Soap. For washing trees and destroying insects. 1-lb. box 25 cts.

Grape Dust, Hammond's. For mildew on grapes, blight, etc. 1-lb. carton 40 cts., 5 lbs. 90 cts.

Nico-Fume Liquid. For spraying and fumigating. ¼lb. 65 cts., lb. \$2, 4 lbs. \$7.50, 8 lbs. \$14.50.

Lime-Sulphur. (Dry.) A combination of lime and sulphur for San José and other scale. Lb. 35 cts., 5 lbs. and up at 25 cts. per lb.

Slug-Shot, Hammond's. For destroying potato bugs, currant worms, ants, etc. Lb. 25 cts., 5 lbs. 65 cts., 10 lbs. \$1.15, 25 lbs. \$2.50.

Tobacco Dust. Lb. 15 cts., 5 lbs. 40 cts., 10 lbs. 70 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.50, 100 lbs. \$3.50.

Tree Tanglefoot. A sticky substance applied directly to the bark, to protect trees against climbing insect pests. One pound will make a band 7 to 8 feet long. 1-lb. can 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.40, 10 lbs. \$4.50.

Weed and Ivy Killer, Hammond's. For killing weeds, poison ivy, grass, etc., in paths, gutters, etc. One gallon to 16 gallons of water. Gal. \$2.

Lemon Oil. For destroying scale, caterpillars, mealy bugs, etc. ½pt. 30 cts., pt. 60 cts., qt. \$1, gal. \$3.

We carry a full line of Garden Tools, Spray Pumps, Lawn Mowers, etc. We call particular attention to our complete assortment of True Temper Cultivators. All guaranteed, and built by the same manufacturer as the well-known True Temper Forks and Hoes. Price very reasonable too. Come in and let us show you. The True Temper Cultivators are really worth while.



Lawn Grass Seed Mixtures

Do Not Use Sparingly—Better Too Much Than Not Enough

WILSON'S "EVERGREEN" LAWN SEED

Wilson's "Evergreen" Lawn Seed is familiarly known in many sections of the United States. It is made up of the very best re-cleaned and tested native and foreign grasses, carefully selected and skilfully proportioned. It produces a beautiful and enduring turf, and does so in the quickest time possible, endurance considered, without the aid of cheap "quick-showing" grasses, which are only of temporary value.

Minimum Quantity Required. One pound for 200 square feet, 2 pounds for 400 square feet, 3 pounds for 600 square feet, 5 pounds for 1,000 square feet, 10 pounds for 2,500 square feet, 30 pounds for $\frac{1}{4}$ acre, 120 pounds to the acre.

Prices of Wilson's "Evergreen" Lawn Seed. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 45 cts., 2 lbs. 80 cts., 3 lbs. \$1.10, 5 lbs. \$1.80, 10 lbs. \$3.50, 20 lbs. \$6.50, 100 lbs. \$30.

WILSON'S "SHADY SPOT" LAWN SEED

A combination of fine-leaved, dwarf-growing grasses that will do well in shaded portions of the lawn. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 85 cts., 3 lbs. \$1.25, 5 lbs. \$2, 10 lbs. \$3.75, 20 lbs. \$7, 100 lbs. \$33.

LAWN GRASS SEED FOR THE SEASHORE

A special mixture peculiarly adapted to seaside lawns. Lb. 45 cts., 2 lbs. 80 cts., 3 lbs. \$1.10, 5 lbs. \$1.80, 10 lbs. \$3.50, 20 lbs. \$6.75, 100 lbs. \$32.

Lawn Rollers, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Dressing, Lawn Sprinklers, Hose, etc., always on hand at lowest prices

Grass-Seed Mixtures

FOR PUTTING-GREENS, FAIRWAYS, TENNIS-COURTS, CROQUET-GROUNDS, ETC.

Made up of the highest grades of imported and domestic grasses

WILSON'S PUTTING-GREEN MIXTURE. As used on some of the best golf courses in America. Our own formula. Suitable for the average green; has proved highly satisfactory everywhere. Lb. 45 cts., 100 lbs. \$40. Special prices quoted on large quantities.

WILSON'S FAIRWAY MIXTURE. Nothing better at any price for Fairways. Lb. 35 cts., 100 lbs. \$30. Price on larger lots on application.

WILSON'S TENNIS COURT AND CROQUET-GROUND MIXTURE. The very finest mixture of grasses which stand continual trampling. Lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 85 cts., 3 lbs. \$1.25, 5 lbs. \$2, 10 lbs. \$3.75, 20 lbs. \$7, 100 lbs. \$33.

We handle a full line of Imported and Domestic Grasses, also Clovers, Millet, Field Corn, etc., and shall be glad to quote you on the best grades (the only kind we deal in) on application.

J. J. WILSON SEED CO., Inc.

79 Orange Street

NEWARK, N. J.